

The Middletown Transcript

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MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1916

PRICE THREE CENTS

REV. P. L. DONAGHAY

Writes us an Interesting Letter From the Episcopal Convention

BEING HELD IN ST. LOUIS

St. Louis, Mo., October 13th, 1916.
To the Editor of the Transcript,
Middletown, Del.,

Dear friend:—
As you know I am a delegate to the General Convention of the Episcopal Church, from the Diocese of Delaware, and the Convention has been in session since October 11th.

I want to give you some of my impressions of this great City. St. Louis is neither north nor south; she is both. She has a northern head, but a southern heart. Commercially, she thinks in the colder terms of northern enterprise; socially, she feels in the warmer terms of southern hospitality.

St. Louis glories in her manufacturing and mercantile supremacy along a score of lines, but over and above all this St. Louis guards her spotless reputation for hospitality as its communal pearl of greatest price.

No convention has ever yet assembled on the hospital bank of the mighty Mississippi curling through an imperial valley, without soon feeling the magic charm of this fellowship. The stranger in her gates soon discovers he is on home ground. In short, with St. Louis, entertaining conventions is a long-practiced art with the plus of sociable personality.

Every man, from the Mayor, down, plunged in to make the visit of the delegates something memorable, something they would talk about pleasantly, when they returned home. For months, preparations for just such a contingency were under way. With the result that every one has a smile, a good word, for the delegates to the Convention of the Episcopal Church.

The delegates were shown, in true Missouri style, not only the beauty spots of St. Louis, but something of the charm of St. Louis hospitality. Never mind the details, which could easily fill a great part of a page of paper the size of the Transcript. No hotel or boardinghouse overcharged the delegates, but on the other hand made concessions to them.

Besides being the Triennial Convention of the Episcopal Church, this year marks the fiftieth anniversary of the consecration of the presiding Bishop of the Episcopal Church, the Rt. Rev. Daniel S. Tuttle.

The following is a part of the programme arranged for the entertainments of the delegates:
The Church Pageant was given at the St. Louis Coliseum, on Wednesday, October 18th, in honor of the General Convention. The Bishops and Deputies were the guests. Over 2000 people were in the case of this impressive presentation. It was a wonderful sight from the standpoint of beauty, color, masses and lighting effects. It was an interesting performance from the standpoint of the Dramatic. It was an instructive evening from the standpoint of the Historical. An orchestra of twenty pieces played music historically adapted to the period shown. It was "An entertainment with a purpose."

The Pageant was intended to show by its episodes and tableaux one of the needed lessons of to-day, viz: The fact of the historic continuity of the Episcopal Church from the Day of Pentecost down the ages to the present year of grace.

RECEPTIONS.

On Thursday, Oct 12th, 8 P. M., the Bishop and Bishop Coadjutor of Missouri gave a reception to all the Bishops and ladies accompanying them at the Bishop's residence.

On Monday evening, Oct. 16th, there was a general reception by the Bishops of the Diocese of Missouri at Moulah Temple to the Bishops, the Clerical and Lay Deputies and visitors to the Convention.

On Saturday afternoon, Oct. 21st, there was a Garden Party at the beautiful Missouri Botanical Garden, known as Shaw's Garden, for all delegates, including the Woman's Auxiliary, the Kings Daughters and visitors to the Convention.

Perhaps a word about the City of St. Louis itself may be of interest to your readers. St. Louis is on the right bank of the Mississippi River, 20 miles below the mouth of the Missouri River. The greater part of it lies at an elevation of 400 to 500 feet above sea level, and 200 above the river surface, the river front being largely a levee, along which lie the numerous steamers (many of them with a large wheel at the rear). The magnificent Eads bridge, which crosses the river at this point, consists of three steel spans, each over 600 feet long. The Merchants bridge, confined to railroad service, is 3 miles further up the river. The Municipal bridge, south of the Eads, has the longest span of any bridge of its type in the world.

Many railroads enter the City, and most of them use the Union station, a colossal structure erected at a cost of five million dollars.

Of notable buildings there are many, the new City Hall, in Washington Park, the Court House, the Four Courts (an immense structure patterned after the Louvre of Paris), the Fine Arts Museum and the Coliseum, a very large edifice designed for concerts, conventions, etc., and capable of seating 15,000 persons. Here are the Washington University, the St. Louis University (Roman Catholic), the St. Louis Medical College, and others too numerous to mention.

There are a large number of beautiful churches and hundreds of magnificent residences, this city being noted as a city of homes. There are a number of Public Parks, the largest being Forest Park (1370 acres).

St. Louis ranks high as a Drug market, its manufactures are of great importance, chief among them being tobacco (this city being the largest tobacco market in the world), and as an element in its live-stock trade this city is the largest mule market in the world. In population it is claimed to be the fourth city in the United States.

Sincerely yours,
P. L. Donaghay.

FOUR GENERATIONS IN AUTO!

Four generations visiting Middletown in the same auto! Any of our readers ever know the likes of that in all their lives? Because it is so rare and interesting an event The Transcript prints a personal which by some mischance slipped thru the typists' fingers. Shall the offender be punished for the blunder? Well, let any of the readers of The Transcript who has never himself or herself blundered just come around to the office and administer an appropriate rebuke.

Two Sundays ago, Mr. Street Brown, a hale octogenarian of 85, who is "as spry as a cricket," motored up from Rising Sun, Md., and spent the day with Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Stewart of this town. In the auto with Mr. Brown were his daughter and her husband, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Keen, his grand-daughter and her husband, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Pusey and his great grandson, Master Wessels S. Pusey, aged two months—four generations in one auto!

After spending a pleasant social day, and enjoying a delectable spread provided by their hospitable hosts, the whole party, great grand-pops, babe and all, returned in the evening. Mr. Brown not in the least wearied by the day's travel or amusement. The Transcript will make an exception to its rule and publish all persons, even the several weeks old, that concern four generations coming in one vehicle to visit Middletown.

A Joint Meeting

A special meeting will be held at the Club house on Monday evening, next, at half past seven o'clock, when the members of the Better Government League, the Woman's Christian Temperance Union and the New Century Club will consider the replies sent them by the candidates for the Legislature, in regard to the letters recently mailed the candidates by the secretaries of the Women's Clubs. Speakers will be present. This is an important meeting and all members of the three Women's Societies are urged to be present.

Bethesda Church Notes

Sunday, October 29th. 9.30 A. M. Brotherhood Devotional meeting.
10.30 A. V. Preaching by the Pastor.
2 P. M. Sunday School session.
7.30 P. M. Song service and preaching by the Pastor.
Prayer meeting on Wednesday evening at 7.30 o'clock.
Class meeting on Thursday evening at 8 o'clock.
Jr. League every Saturday afternoon at two o'clock. Bear this in mind and send the children.

Hallowe'en Dance

There will be a Hallowe'en Dance, Tuesday evening, October 31st, in the New Century Club building to be given by the members of the Club and the Pool orchestra. These dances were so much enjoyed in the summer time; come again one and all, for you will enjoy this one. To add to this gala occasion come in Hallowe'en costume, but there will be no masks allowed. Admission twenty-five cents.

Had a Bad Fall

While unloading freight at the railroad station Thursday afternoon, William E. Dixon, a local carter fell from the platform of the new freight house and lacerated his forehead and bruised his shoulder quite badly. Dr. Beale was summoned and after a careful examination found his patient had escaped without any serious injury.

Founders' Day at Women's College

Founders' Day will be observed with appropriate exercises at the Women's College of Delaware, on Saturday, October 28th. The freshmen will plant a tree on the campus—the third class tree for the college and shrubbery will be set out. The plan of the college is to plant trees and shrubbery along the lawn adjacent to Welsh Lane.

Ladies' Bake and Cake Sale

The ladies of St. Anne's Episcopal Church will give a bake, Saturday in Bloomer's Store on North Broad street. An appetizing lot of cakes, pies etc., will be offered for sale. Proceeds for the benefit of the Church Improvement fund. All lovers of fine pastry will attend.

FRIENDS & VISITORS

Personal Items About People You See and Know

THOSE THAT COME AND GO

Mrs. James E. Lewis was in Wilmington Tuesday.

Mrs. D. W. Lewis and Mrs. N. J. Williams were Philadelphia visitors on Tuesday.

Miss Blanche Kaveny, of Wilmington, was a guest of Miss Ada Lockwood, Tuesday.

Mrs. Louis Naudain, of Wilmington, has been visiting Mrs. R. L. Naudain, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Elwood L. Banning, of Wilmington, spent the week at their home here.

Miss Lillian Slack, of Wilmington, was entertained on Sunday by Miss Sarah Kates.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Wilson Merritt and Miss Smith were Wilmington visitors on Saturday.

Mrs. Julian Cochran is entertaining Mr. and Mrs. Eugene M. Hanson, of Yonkers, N. Y.

Mrs. T. V. Purnell, of Snow Hill, Md., is being entertained by Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Messick.

Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Hearn, of Wilmington, visited Mr. and Mrs. J. Wilson Merritt one day last week.

Mrs. Edward Ladley and daughter, Miss Lione, spent Sunday with her parents at Kennett Square, Pa.

Miss Lena Weber and Mr. Harry Vinyard visited Mr. and Mrs. T. Arthur Evans, near Mt. Pleasant, on Sunday.

Mrs. W. T. Connelley entertained on Thursday Mrs. Holstein Harvey and Mrs. John Causey of Wilmington.

Mrs. Clarence Poppin and little daughter, of Wilmington, spent Saturday and Sunday with Mrs. Samuel Price.

Mr. William Kirk, of Chester, Pa., and Mr. Elmer Kirk, of New Castle, spent the week-end at their home here.

Mrs. Curtis Millman and daughters, of Woodside, were guests of her mother, Mrs. Rosa Weber last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Albert Kumpel, Jr., of Port Penn, spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Corbit Vinyard.

Mr. and Mrs. William Rothwell, of New Castle, were Sunday guests of his father, Mr. J. Moody Rothwell and family.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Culver and little son, of Linkwood, Md., were visitors at the home of his mother, Mrs. Sarah Culver, on Sunday.

Mrs. John M. Naudain and daughter, Miss Helen, of Baltimore, Md., spent several days this week with her mother, Mrs. Sarah Houston.

Mrs. Henry DeForest, of Hanover, N. J., and Miss Emma Jaquette, of Elkton, Md., were recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. Edgar Clayton.

Mrs. J. W. Merritt is entertaining her sisters, Mrs. Paul E. Ludes, of Drexel Hill, Pa., and Miss Amy R. Piser, of Washington, D. C.

Mrs. Lloyd M. Bragdon and little daughter, Ann, returned to their home in Wilmington Sunday, after spending several months with relatives here.

Dr. and Mrs. E. M. Vaughn, Mrs. G. I. Cochran and Miss Clara Vaughn, of Milton, have just returned from a delightful motor trip to points of interest in Virginia.

Mrs. George W. Lockwood and daughter, Miss Marie Lockwood, had for guests on Tuesday, Mrs. Charles Jones, of Wyoming, Mrs. J. C. Scott, of West Chester, Pa., Miss Emily Bissell and Miss Mills, of Wilmington.

Mrs. William Evans, of Philadelphia, Mr. and Mrs. John Cooke, and Miss Etta Gooding, of Sharon Hill were guests of Mrs. Josephine Dickson on Sunday.

Forest Church Notes

Sunday, October 29th, 1916.
10.30 A. M. Public worship with sermon.
11.45 A. M. Sunday School session.
2.30 P. M. Armstrong Sunday School.
6.45 P. M. Christian Endeavor service. Topic, "The Rewards of Religion," 1 Cor. 3, 6-23.
7.30 P. M. Evening service with sermon.

Special services during the week beginning Monday, October 30th as follows:

Monday, The Rev. Henry N. Faulconer of Baltimore. Mr. Faulconer is unusually successful in his evangelistic efforts. At union services of the Church Hill and West Nottingham Churches almost four hundred souls decided to be Christians.

Tuesday, The Rev. George G. Dowey. This will be the only time Mr. Dowey will be here.

Wednesday, To be announced.

Thursday, Dr. Rev. John Grant Newman D. D., Pastor of the Chambers-Wylie Church, Philadelphia, one of the most prominent preachers of Philadelphia.

Friday, Mr. J. H. Jeffers, of Philadelphia. A very strong lay speaker.

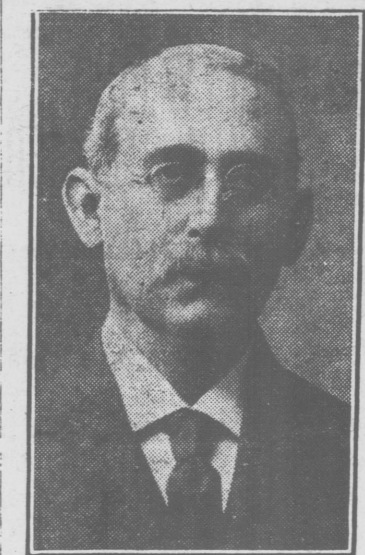
Every man is a man's man, of unusual power, and the public is cordially invited to attend these services, and be benefited by these unusual privileges.

THEIR GOLDEN WEDDING ANNIVERSARY

Just fifty years ago on Monday, October 23d, 1866, at the old Cochran homestead on the Odessa road, occurred the marriage of Miss Margaret Cochran, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Cochran and Mr. Andrew S. Eliason, son of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Eliason, of near Mt. Pleasant. The ceremony was performed by Rev. John Brown, their rector of old St. Anne's Church.

The tables were trimmed with golden colors, while the favors were in gold and white. The children of the bride and groom, with a few of the young relatives, served the delightful collection.

A very remarkable feature in connection with this interesting occasion, is the fact that this makes the ninth golden wedding anniversary which has



ANDREW S. ELIASON.



MRS. ANDREW S. ELIASON.

A large reception was held after the ceremony. The bridesmaids were Miss Alice Cochran, who later married Dr. George G. Chamberlaine, of this town, and Miss Frances Cochran, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William A. Cochran, who later married Richard R. Cochran, a prominent farmer of the neighborhood. The groomsmen were Eugene Eliason, of Summit Bridge, and James T. Eliason, the groom's brother, both of whom have passed away during the past year.

The original wedding gown was of white silk, with veil and orange blossoms, while the bridesmaids were attired in white swiss. Mrs. Richard Cochran and the bride and groom are the only ones left who were members of the original wedding party. The "bride's" dress for Monday was of black satin messaline, with white lace and cut steel trimmings and she wore a diamond brooch, the gift of their four children, while the happy "groom" was the recipient of a handsome gold watch chain, also from their children.

In accordance with the custom of fifty years ago, when the bride and groom started on their wedding journey, they were accompanied to Philadelphia by the groomsmen and bridesmaids who stayed over the night, returning home the next day while Mr. and Mrs. Eliason continued on to New York for their honeymoon.

The house was charmingly decorated for the reception, which was from three to six Monday afternoon, with autumn leaves, asparagus and chrysanthemums, the predominating colors being gold and

been celebrated by members of the families of Mr. and Mrs. Eliason; these are: Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Eliason, of Mt. Pleasant; Mr. and Mrs. Richard Cann, of Kirkwood; Mr. and Mrs. James Cann, of Glasgow; Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Cann, of Scranton, Pa., the father and three uncles of Mr. Eliason; Mr. and Mrs. Jonathan W. Leatherbury, of Middletown, an uncle of Mr. Eliason; Mr. and Mrs. John Moody Rothwell, of Middletown, brother-in-law and sister of Mr. Eliason; Mr. and Mrs. Richard Cochran, of Middletown, father and mother of Mrs. Eliason and Mr. and Mrs. Johnathan K. Williams, of near Odessa, Mrs. Williams being an aunt of Mrs. Eliason. Mrs. Williams, who is eighty-six years old, is very active and expressed a determination to be present at this golden anniversary.

By the expressed wish of Mr. and Mrs. Eliason, everything connected with the reception was very informal, the relatives all vying with each other to give a good time, each to the other and succeeding in making the day an occasion which will be a happy memory to the bride and groom and their children for all time. Herbert Chamberlaine, of Yonkers, N. Y., a nephew of Mrs. Eliason's sent her an invitation card which had been used at the golden wedding of Mrs. Eliason's parents, with the date of their golden wedding, to be used on this happy occasion. The many gifts of gold and bric-a-brac were exquisite and much prized by the recipients.

THE NEW CENTURY CLUB'S CORNER-STONE LAYING



MIDDLETOWN CENTURY CLUB HOUSE.

The most delightful occasion in the history of the New Century Club of Middletown occurred on Tuesday afternoon when the corner-stone for the new clubhouse was laid and the formal opening was held. The ceremonies were in charge of the Masonic Order. Stuart J. Horn, grandmaster of Delaware, assisted by the Grand Lodge officers, laid the corner-stone.

The visiting Masons numbered about thirty-two, and Union Lodge, of Middletown, assembled with the Grand Lodge officers at their lodge room and marched with them to the clubhouse, where the ritualistic ceremony of laying the corner-stone took place. An opening was made in the corner of the building, which is nearly completed, to receive the cornerstone with the inscription "New Century Club, 1916."

A luncheon was held at 1 o'clock, and presidents of women's clubs throughout the state, and Miss Ray Heydrick, of Bridgeville, president of the State Federation of Women's Clubs, were guests, and Martin B. Burris, of Middletown, the club lawyer, was a guest. About 200 persons were at the luncheon. The tables and room were decorated with autumn leaves, chrysanthemums and greens.

The corner-stone laying followed. A lead box (the lead being given by Charles Derrickson, and the box being

made by John Spicer) was placed in the corner-stone, in which were placed a Bible, presented by Mrs. Charles Derrickson; a United States flag, presented by Mrs. Charles R. Miller, wife of Governor Miller; photographs of Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States, given by Helen V. Shallcross; names of officials of the national Government; names of officials of the State government; names of officials of the national banks of Middletown; copies of the Middletown Transcript and New Era; of Wilmington, The Evening Journal and Every Evening; Masonic code of Delaware; historical sketch of Union Lodge No. 5, by Joseph C. Jolly; corner-stone ceremonial; list of officers of the Grand Lodge of Delaware; seventh annual report of the Delaware State tuberculosis commission; bulletin of the Women's College of Delaware; photo of Miss Ray Heydrick, president of D. S. F. W. C., 1915-1917; photos of Middletown churches: M. E. Church, given by Mrs. E. C. Shepherd; P. E. Church, given by Miss Josephine Biggs; St. Joseph's R. C. Church, given by Mrs. Adelaide M. Lockwood; Presbyterian Church, given by Mrs. L. Fannier Derrickson; photo of High School, given by Ida V. Howell, principal; photo of clubhouse, given by Rev. P. L. Donaghay; 1916 penny, and 1849 florin given

by John Pool; 1916 nickel, given by Letitia Pool; English coin, given by Laura Fogel; year book, 1913-1915, of the Delaware State Federation of Woman's Clubs; history of the New Century Club, of Middletown, given by Mary Hutchin; names of officers and members of the New Century Club, of Middletown, 1916-1917; constitution and by-laws and programs of the New Century Club, of Middletown; name of architect of building, J. Fletcher Street; constitution of the State of Delaware, adopted June 4, 1897, given by John Moody Rothwell; Masonic lambkin, A. F. and A. M., given by Daniel W. Stevens.

The program for the afternoon, following the corner-stone laying was enjoyed by nearly four hundred persons and was as follows: "America," sung by audience; remarks by Miss Eliza C. Green, the Corporation President, who formally conveyed the clubhouse to their tenants, the New Century Club, of Middletown; remarks by Mrs. Mary Cochran Pool, the Club President, who introduced Miss Ray Heydrick, the president of the D. S. F. W. C., who admonished other Club members to "go and do likewise," and build themselves a club home as beautiful as the Middletown members have; Mrs. A. D. Warner, of Wilmington, was introduced as the "Mother of Clubs" in the State and in a few remarks said she is proud of this daughter of hers; Mrs. Grace Field Naudain, of Wilmington, gave two very delightful vocal selections and Master William Meyers sang a song written by Mrs. Clara Brady Green, written to the tune of "Tipperary," called, "It's a long way to the Club House;" Miss Hutchin's "History of the Club House," was accurate and witty and called for a cheer, as did her "Who built the Club House," a parody on "Cock Robin;" "A little nonsense, now and then, is relished by the best of men," was proven by the closing of the program when several of the members gave very interesting original poems.

The clubhouse is built on a lot on North Broad street presented by Mrs. George F. Brady and is a beautiful and substantial building. It is one story and basement. It is 74 by 60 feet, being of red brick inside and out. There are no posts in the main auditorium. A committee room, 10 by 20 feet, on the north end, is for the regular club meetings, and is a very cozy room, with a large bay window and open fireplace, with a place for a stove in winter weather. A heater has been placed in the basement to use for heating the auditorium. A cloak room on the south end has just been finished from funds given by the Pool Orchestra. The stage in the auditorium is large, with footlights and a curtain. The basement will be used for a banquet and supper room, with kitchen and other conveniences.

Already the building has been rented for a number of dances, several entertainments, and the Wilson and Marshall Club will use it for meetings. The building when completed will cost about \$6,500, two-thirds of which amount has already been paid. Entertainments given by the club during the winter will probably clear more than \$500, and in a short time the members will be waving the flag of "freedom from debt" from the top of their beautiful club home.

Some of the Club presidents present were: Mrs. Etta Gray Jones, of Bridgeville; Mrs. E. E. Feeny, of Delmar; Mrs. William B. Jester, of Delaware City; Mrs. Robert H. VanDyke, of Dover; Miss Ada Warren, of Felton; Miss Edith Jones, of Georgetown; Miss Emma Downs, of Harrington; Miss Sara Eastburn, of Hockessin; Mrs. J. W. Fooks, of Laurel; Mrs. William Hocker, of Lewes; Mrs. W. W. Conwell, of Milton; Mrs. James Pierce, of Milford; Miss Frances B. Hurd, of Newark; Mrs. J. M. Wilson, of New Castle; Miss Lida Lindale, of Rehoboth; Mrs. H. D. Boyer, of Smyrna; Mrs. Emory Miles, of Seaford; Mrs. A. H. Berlin, of Wilmington; Mrs. W. E. Douglas, of Washington Heights; Delaware Division of International Sunshine Society—Mrs. G. W. Dorsey, of Wilmington; Mrs. Abram Brown, of Wyoming; Mrs. A. Richards, of Greenwood; Mrs. Carl Snellenberg, of Bellefonte; International Association of Retail Druggists—Mrs. A. P. Rovitta, of Wilmington.

Some others present were: Mrs. Charles R. Miller, Mrs. Josiah Wolcott, Mrs. Charles Colby, Miss Emily Bissell, of Wilmington; Dean Winifred Robinson, of the Women's College, and Mrs. Samuel Chiles Mitchell, of Newark, and a great many others.

Busy times at our Cloak and Suit Department! Our customers not only say we have a splendid lot of Suits, Coats, Dresses, Hats etc., but they are buying them for our quality and prices please. You too had better come early and buy your New Fall Outfit.

FOGEL & BURSTAN

Democratic Mass Meeting

Hon. Josiah Wolcott, Democratic Candidate for United States Senator and other prominent Democrats, will address a mass meeting in the New Century Club House next Wednesday evening, November 1st. A brass band will be in attendance.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS

Many Condensed News Items of the Past Week

IN THIS AND NEARBY POINTS

October waning.
Potatoes are high.
Leaves reddening.
Stoves are going up.
Wheat seeding time.
Sweet potatoes plentiful.
Last day to get registered.
Christmas approaching fast.
Hallowe'en last of this month.
Everybody doing it—housecleaning.
Election day is one week from next Tuesday.

No boy would go wrong if all men would go straight.

According to the present outlook, there will be few chestnuts this year.

When a man's in love only one woman in the world is interesting to him.

Be careful of your thoughts, for they are liable to break into words at any time.

Because of spirited bidding among buyers at Townsend, white potatoes jumped to 70 cents a bushel last week.

Arrested and handcuffed in Delaware City, Howard Still, a negro, made his escape while being taken to the town lockup.

Farmers are busy seeding wheat and the good prices that have prevailed this year have been a stimulus to plant a large acreage.

Miss Prudence R. Lewis entertained the members of the U. T. C. Sewing Circle at her home on West Main street, Wednesday evening.

"A word carelessly spoken may do great harm." That's right. You ought to see what one careless word from an umpire does at a ball game one day.

The regular meeting of the Parent-Teacher Association was held in the School Assembly Room, Friday afternoon, October 27th, at 3 o'clock.

John Heldmyer, Jr., Real Estate Broker, North Broad Street, has sold for Henry Neff, his farm near town, containing 109 acres to C. Edgar Spicer. Price \$12,000.

After October 1st, the Public Library will be open on Tuesday afternoon from 3.30 to 5; Tuesday evening from 7 to 8.30; Friday evening from 7 to 8.30; Saturday afternoon from 3 to 5.

Instead of a Musical as planned for the regular meeting at the New Century Club on Tuesday afternoon, the members will hold a "Hallowe'en" party at half past two o'clock. All the members are invited.

Unclaimed Letters.—The following list of letters remaining unclaimed in the Post-office for the week ending Oct. 20th: Mrs. J. D. Jenkins, Mrs. Rosa Roy, Miss Emma Bonie, John D. Harvey, S. S. Hiron, Hezekiah Johnson, Crawford Burns.

The members of the Queen Esther Circle of Bethesda Church will hold their regular Hallowe'en party at the home of Mr. and Mrs. T. Arthur Evans, near Mt. Pleasant, on Monday evening. The members of the circle have sent invitations to a number of their friends and all expect to have a delightful time.

Special \$5, \$6 Ladies' High-Top Boots—\$3.75! Our ad. tells all about it. FOGEL & BURSTAN.

MEETING OF FARMERS

A meeting of milk producing farmers of this section was held last Friday evening at the National Hotel about 40 of the largest producers of the community being present. The meeting was called for the purpose of forming a branch of the Tri-State Milk Producers' Association, which has been organized among the farmers of the northern part of the county.

The meeting was called to order by William Green who has attended several of the meetings of the parent association. William H. Carroll an employee of the United States Department of Agriculture, in charge of the dairying interests of Delaware, spoke at length on the milk business; explaining that with the high prices of feed and labor the farmers are losing money producing milk at present prices.

John F. O'Neil, of Mt. Cuba spoke of the work accomplished by the organization, of which he is president, and explained the workings of the body. He urged that a permanent organization be formed at once.

John T. Dickey of Stanton also addressed the meeting telling of the good the organization has done him and his neighbors.

A permanent organization was formed with the following officers: President, William Green; vice-president, William F. Bryson; secretary, E. L. Pleasanton; treasurer, J. B. Donovan. A meeting was held last evening at the National Hotel to elect officers.

MARYLAND NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

Latest Happenings Gleaned From All Over the State.

LIVE NOTES AND COMMENTS

G. Edgar Williamson, postmaster of Preston, is dead.

G. Edgar Williamson, cashier of the Provident Savings Bank, of Preston, is dead.

Peggy Stewart Day was celebrated with patriotic exercises in the old Senate Chamber, Annapolis.

The annual exhibit of the Home Economics Club of Kent County, will be held Saturday, October 28, at Galena.

The Commissioners for Cecil County have asked for bids to complete the road from Bell Hill Corner to the Pennsylvania line in the Elkton district.

The new registration in Kent county put 4,240 voters on the poll books, 2,783 whites and 1,457 negroes, a decrease of 155 whites and 18 colored from the last registration.

Mrs. Conrad Lapp, aged 76 years, of Frostburg, who had been ill with lockjaw for several weeks, has fully recovered and is able to be about. In view of her advanced age her recovery is considered remarkable.

Mrs. Elizabeth Key Armstrong, of Hagerstown, widow of Alexander Armstrong, died of acute dilation of the heart at Atlantic City, where she had been staying for the last six weeks for her health.

The registration figures of Allegany county for 1916 have been tabulated by James A. Young, clerk of the Election Supervisors, showing a total of 14,228 voters, a gain of 776 over 1915.

Cumberland Valley Railroad telegraph operators have just been notified of an increase in salaries of about 12 per cent. The new minimum monthly salary will be \$65, maximum, \$110.

George A. Davis, 63 years old, of Hagerstown, for many years active in politics, died at the State Sanatorium, Frederick county, where he had been taking treatment for several weeks. For nearly three years he was assistant secretary of the United States Senate.

The automobile of Percy Satchell, who had stopped at Howard Towers' store in Easton and filled his gasoline tank before starting for home, caught fire and the tank exploded, blowing the automobile to pieces. Those nearby ran from the burning machine in time to escape injury.

Adolphus H. Harrington, former postmaster of Frederick and census supervisor of the Sixth Congressional district, aged 62 years, died as the result of a paralytic stroke. He had been ill for nearly a year. For more than a quarter of a century Mr. Harrington was one of the leading wholesale merchants of Frederick.

Daniel Raley, 37 years old, of Bloomington, died at the hospital in Cumberland as a result of hemorrhages, which began last Friday and rendered him unconscious Monday evening. He was brought to the hospital Wednesday and remained unconscious until he died. He was a well-known baseball player.

Miss Nell Richardson, daughter of Hugh S. Richardson, returned to her home in Hagerstown after a 15,000-mile tour with Mrs. Burke, a woman suffrage leader of New York, through the United States in an automobile. They visited many cities and towns and made speeches in the interest of woman's suffrage.

Fire in Cambridge destroyed the Cambridge Auditorium, Strauss, Elsenman & Co.'s shirt factory, W. L. Dean's livery stable and Mrs. Daniel Harvel's boarding house. The blaze began in the auditorium, which was formerly a skating rink, supposedly starting from the furnace. The fire came up between the double floors so quickly that a member of the Columbia Stock Company, which was preparing to fill a week's engagement, had a narrow escape with his life.

Kent county farmers are awakening to the importance of the milk business under the leadership of L. L. Burrell, farm demonstrator. They are organizing and putting the business on a paying basis. A local branch of the Milk Producers' Association was formed at Chestertown with about 40 farmers present, William G. Smyth was elected president; C. L. Jarrell, secretary; Harry Nichols, treasurer, and Earle Nicholson, representative on the executive board of the county.

Siam's rosewood forests have been heavily over-exploited. The government is now protecting them.

A mechanical device, largely composed of rubber, has been invented to loosen a person's scalp to stimulate the growth of hair.

The names of streets, lettered clearly on the globe of the electric street light, are a help in city streets after dark.

It will cost Australia about \$25,000,000 to open the Murray River to navigation and to construct an irrigation system that will develop 1,500,000 acres of land.

RURAL CREDITS ACT

Hearing Held in Baltimore Post-office Before Federal Farm Board.

Business Men Attend—Questions Are Answered By George W. Norris, Who Says Tenant Plan Is Undesirable.

Maryland farmers were acquainted with the advantages and possible shortcomings of the recently enacted Rural Credits act at a hearing held before the Federal Farm Loan Board in the Postoffice Building, Baltimore. Four members of the board—George W. Norris, Herbert Quick, Capt. W. S. A. Smith and Charles E. Lobdell—came to Baltimore for the hearing. Secretary of the Treasury William G. McAdoo being the only member absent.

Mr. Norris, who presided, outlined in detail the principles of the act. His explanation of it was supplemented by answers to questions propounded by his auditors. About 100 farmers and many business men in the city, anxious to become acquainted with the act and its operation, attended the hearing.

The benefit to be derived from the act by Maryland tenant farmers—those who own the land without having an interest in the land itself—was a point made by one of the interrogators which is important. Directly, Mr. Norris pointed out, the tenant farmer can profit little by the act, inasmuch as he has no tangible security to offer for a loan.

Tenant Farming Undesirable. "The question is important," he said. "The proportion of tenant farmers in some of the Western States is as high as 40 per cent. One Westerner said the tenant farm was in effect a mine, interested only in getting out of the land what he could and not concerned with the development of the land itself or the enriching of the community, which are among the underlying theories of the Rural Credits act."

"Tenant farming is undesirable, and the tenant farmer should be made an owner. Without capital equivalent to approximately one-fourth of the value of the land he desires, however, this is difficult. The act helps the man who has some basis of credit. The farmer can borrow only 50 per cent of the value of the land. As an example, take a \$4,000 farm. With \$1,000 capital he can borrow \$2,000 under the act, and we have found, will be able to get a man who will take a second mortgage for the remaining \$1,000. The precautions thrown about the loan by the act make a second mortgage on the first mortgage taken by the Farm Loan Bank infinitely more desirable than the ordinary second mortgage."

The amortization plan applied against loans increases the value of the second mortgage, he pointed out. A Missouri expert, he added, asserted that the act would bring a notable decrease in the number of tenant farmers.

Parish Gets Place.

Governor Harrington announced the appointment of Edward M. Parrish, of Baltimore, as a member of the Advisory Board of Parole, to succeed Dr. J. Hubert Wade, recently commissioned a member of the Board of Prison Control.

Mr. Parrish, who has been the one active candidate for the place to which he has been appointed, was for a number of years a member of the city Fire Board. Last fall he took an active part in the primary as an advocate of the nomination of Mr. Harrington for Governor.

The latter sought to reward him by making him State Fire Marshal. Later, however, the office was abolished and the duties imposed upon a deputy to be under the State Insurance Commissioner. Because of business reasons, Mr. Parrish declined to accept this deputyship.

To Protect Oysters.

The Conservation Commission of Maryland and the Virginia Commission of Fisheries will hold another joint meeting in the Potomac river this week. They met in the same body of water last summer and at that time mapped out plans for the enforcement of the legislation enacted by the two States for the preservation of the fish and shellfish in the waters forming the dividing line between the two States.

At the meeting this week all of the oyster inspectors and deputy commissioners of the two States will be summoned before the two commissions and given complete instructions relative to the enforcement of the laws applicable to Potomac river oysters which have been passed by Virginia and Maryland.

Anne Arundel Holds Fair.

The West River Fair, the first of its kind in Anne Arundel county, closed Saturday. Besides exhibits of farm products and live stock, which were judged by Professors Ruffner and Tallaferrro, of State College, there were exhibits of poultry, judged by Miss Remsen; preserves, jellies and canned fruits, judged by Professor Shaw, of the college, and a flower show. Racing was limited to Anne Arundel county horses. Games for children of all ages with substantial prizes were attractions.

From heretofore waste tomato seeds Italian canners are making an oil with rapid drying qualities that is useful in varnishes.

A memorial erected to the memory of wireless operators who have been lost with their ships has been dedicated at New York.

A man in California has fenced in his estate by chains connecting cement posts, made and colored to represent tree stumps.

When the state which was used in the Waltham (Mass.) police court to book prisoners was broken, Chief McKenna searched the town in vain for another one.

CARRANZA QUILTS MEXICAN CAPITAL

Large Amount of War Munitions Also Moved to Queretaro.

MRS. CARRANZA AT LAREDO

Reliable Reports Say First Chief Was Accompanied To Queretaro By Obregon and Other Administration Officials.

Laredo, Tex.—General Carranza, accompanied by Alvaro Obregon, minister of war, and a retinue of administration officials, is at Queretaro, where over six carloads of war munitions were taken from Mexico City, according to information received from sources heretofore reliable.

This information also is to the effect that Gen. Pablo Gonzales, who has been operating in the state of Morelos, has returned to Mexico City, and will remain there in charge of the city.

No reason is known here for these reported movements.

Manuel Amaya, one of the wealthiest residents of Mexico, and Neco Foroy Sembrano, treasurer general of the de facto government of Mexico, have left the capital for a United States port, according to a passenger arriving here from Mexico City today. The name of the port could not be learned.

Mrs. Venustiano Carranza, her two daughters and Mrs. Alvar Obregon, who arrived at Nuevo Laredo Monday from Mexico City, crossed the border into the United States.

While here, it was stated Mrs. Carranza will attend the wedding of her niece, Miss Guadalupe Salinas, to Sam'l C. Alexander, a plantation owner near here.

CHIHUAHUA CITY MENACED.

Bandits and Carranzistas in Clash Near Outskirts.

El Paso, Tex.—A report was received here by federal officials that skirmishing was in progress between the forces of Villa and those of Carranza a short distance west of Chihuahua City and near the outskirts. Villa troops are also reported south and northwest of the capital and an attack is expected soon.

Francisco Villa led the Carranza vanguard under General Carlos Ozuña into an ambush between Santa Ysabel and San Andres, on the western division of the Mexico Northwestern Railroad, Friday, a report, received by one of the federal department agents here states.

According to this report, which was obtained by secret service agents for the federal department, the Carranza troops then retreated to Santa Ysabel, then to Palomas, and are now reported to be in Fresno, the first station west of Chihuahua City. Carranza Officials here admit there has been heavy fighting between Santa Ysabel and Chihuahua City, but General Gonzales, in Juarez, insists that he has received no details of the fighting. The report that General Ozuña had been killed is receiving credence here in official circles.

GIVES NO RIGHT OF APPEAL.

Carranza's Decree Of October 9 Laid Before Commission.

Atlantic City, N. J.—General Carranza's decree of October 9, suspending constitutional guarantees throughout Mexico, as translated and laid before the American representatives on the Mexican Joint Commission provides that for nearly all offenses not covered by the civil code, summary punishment may be inflicted by the military authorities. Interference with railway traffic, robbery, incendiarism and assault in its various forms are characterized as crimes punishable by death without the formality of trial when the evidence is apparent. In no case has the accused the right of appeal.

AUSTRIAN PREMIER SHOT.

Count Csergh Assassinated By Ludwig Adler, Editor.

Berlin.—Count Karl Stuergh, the Austrian Premier, was shot and killed while at dinner by the editor of a Vienna newspaper named Adler, says the Overseas News Agency.

Vienna.—The Austrian Premier, Count Stuergh, who was assassinated while at dinner by Ludwig Adler, a publisher, who shot three times. Count Stuergh was dining at a hotel when the publisher attacked him. Three shots were fired, all of which took effect, the Premier dying instantly.

CAPITAL FACES MILK FAMINE.

Maryland and Virginia Farmers Out Of Washington's Supply.

Washington.—With Maryland and Virginia farmers getting rid of their milk cows, Washington is confronted with an actual milk shortage.

The producers and city retailers in milk are at loggerheads over the price of milk, the producers claiming they cannot get a living price for milk. The city retailers refuse to allow an increase in price.

COTTON STILL ADVANCES.

Sells Up 16 To 32 Points At Opening Of Change.

New York.—Cotton again made advances at the opening of the Cotton Exchange Tuesday, selling up 16 to 32 points. January cotton made the widest gain, up 32, at 18.80 cents a pound, a gain of about \$1.50 a bale.

A Vienna physician has obtained good results and effected some cures by treating insane persons with hypodermic injections of pure oxygen.



21 IN CREW LOST WITH STEAMER

J. B. Colgate, Coal-Laden, Goes Down in Lake Erie

CAPTAIN IS SOLE SURVIVOR

After Drifting For Two Nights and a Day Captain Walter Grashaw Is Rescued—Two Other Men With Him Are Washed Off.

Cleveland, Ohio.—Storm-swept Lake Erie Sunday gave up another fragment of the story of its "Black Friday"—another vessel pounded to pieces in the stinging gale and grinding waves, carrying 21 men to their deaths. The last vessel in the Duluth owned whaleback James B. Colgate.

Its lone survivor, adrift for 34½ hours on a raft, brought the story ashore. Half dead from two nights and a day spent tortured and torn by the seas, he was carried off a rescue ship at Conneaut, Ohio, Sunday afternoon. He is Capt. Walter Grashaw, master of the Colgate, which went down Friday night off Long Point Canada, opposite Erie.

Every one of the crew of 21 perished, 19 of them sucked down to death the instant the big steel boat foundered in the storm and two carried off by waves from the raft.

The Colgate went down on the night of what came to be known in marine circles as "Black Friday." Six men were lost when the steamer Flier sank in Lake Erie on Friday, only Captain Mattison being saved. Earlier that night the steamer Marshal F. Butters foundered, but its crew of 13 men were saved.

Less than an hour after the Flier sank, the Colgate, by far the largest of the three victim vessels, went down. The 21 of her crew who died raised "Black Friday's" sea casualty list on Lake Erie to 27. There was no wireless to give warning and the lake held its secret until Sunday morning when Captain Grashaw was rescued by a ferry steamer.

KAISER WANTS GOD'S HELP.

Says He Hopes Almighty Will Be With the Germans in Fighting.

London.—A Central News dispatch from Amsterdam says:

"Emperor William, in a speech to the troops on the western front, after commemorating the dead, said: 'But we who are living will fight further until nobody will ever dare again to assail the honor and liberty of the German people.'"

The Emperor, adds the dispatch, said he hoped God would be with the Germans in the fighting.

AMERICAN TROOPS ARRESTED?

Four Of Them Reported In Custody Near Juarez, Mexico.

El Paso.—A report was received by army officers here that four American soldiers were under arrest on the Mexican side of the border near Juarez. Gen. Francisco Gonzales, commanding the Mexican troops in the north, has been asked to make an investigation of the report. It is believed the men crossed the international boundary at some point below Juarez and are being held by the Carranza river guards.

CAVALRY AFTER VILLA.

Twelve Machine Guns Are Also Sent With Carranza Troops.

Chihuahua, Mexico.—General Carlos Ozuña left here with a column of 2,000 cavalry, twelve machine guns and a sanitary corps, all well supplied to take the field against Villa. Villa is reported to be in San Andres while his hands are visiting the neighboring ranches to obtain loot and impress the ranchers in the Villa commands.

GERMANY ADDS 225 U-BOATS.

Prince Von Buelow Gives Figures Since War Started.

Geneva, Switzerland.—Prince von Buelow, former German Imperial Chancellor, recently informed a neutral newspaper man that since the beginning of the war Germany had constructed 225 submarines, says a dispatch from Constance.

The German naval authorities, the Prince is reported to have added, are paying more attention to submarines than to battleships.

UNITED STATES TROOPS IN BATTLE

Cavalry Patrol in Clash Near Big Bend.

FIGHT LASTS NEARLY HOUR

Report Is Made To General Funston Telling Of The Engagement—No Losses Reported By the American Forces.

San Antonio, Texas.—American troops and Mexicans clashed near San Jose, in the Big Bend county, according to a report received by General Funston from Col. Joseph Gaston, commander of the district. The fight lasted for 45 minutes. No losses were suffered by the Americans, and information is lacking regarding loss among the Mexicans.

Colonel Gaston's report said that a band of about 30 Mexicans opened fire on a detachment composed of 28 men of the Sixth Cavalry and Texas National Guard cavalry squadron engaged in patrol duty between Presidio and Ruidosa. Lieutenant Cudington, of the Texas squadron, commanding the troops, ordered his men to return the fire.

A vigorous exchange of shots continued for a period of 45 minutes, the Americans and Mexicans firing in skirmish formation from covered positions on either side of the Rio Grande. Information from Colonel Gaston did not indicate that the United States troops crossed in pursuit of the Mexicans. After the fight Lieutenant Cudington returned to Ruidosa with his command.

Colonel Gaston reported that Major A. V. P. Anderson, of the Sixth Cavalry, has gone to San Jose to investigate the incident. Colonel Raelos, commander of the Carranza garrison at Ojinaga, has gone to the scene of the fight for the same purpose, according to Colonel Gaston.

Washington.—General Funston, reporting on the exchange of shots across the border at San Jose, said that late reports reaching him indicated the American troops were fired upon "by drunken Mexicans."

The dispatch made no mention of firing by the American troops and said there were no casualties on either side. Officials here were inclined to attach little significance to the incident, believing that an irresponsible band had blundered upon the detachment of Americans and withdrawn after firing a few desultory shots.

CRANK WHO CHASED WILSON.

Declares He Just Wanted To Talk To the President.

Pittsburgh, Pa.—Richard Cullen, aged 22, a machinist, who was taken into custody after attempting to jump on the running board of an automobile in which President Wilson was riding here, was examined by physicians and ordered sent to the City Home at Mayview for further observation regarding his sanity. Cullen denied that he intended harming the President, saying he was not satisfied with the administration's foreign policies and just wanted to talk to him.

On the ride the President lost his hat, and the automobile was stopped while a secret service man recovered it. Cullen, with a bag of tools, jumped on the running board of the automobile, but was knocked off by a secret service man. The man chased the President's conveyance for a block before he was arrested by local detectives.

WAR PLANTS TO MAKE DYES.

Two Munitions Concerns Plan To Transform Manufactories.

Washington.—The Du Pont Powder Company and the Aetna Explosives Company, two of the largest munitions concerns in the country, announced the completion of plans for transforming all extra plants into dye manufacturing plants with the close of the war. Plans were perfected with the assistance of Dr. F. D. Norton, dye expert of the Department of Commerce.

FORMER BANDIT FOR OFFICE.

Al J. Jennings Seeks Office Of Governor Of Oklahoma.

Los Angeles, Cal.—Al J. Jennings, of Oklahoma, once a bandit leader, according to his formal statement and now a revivalist, announced he would be a candidate for the second time for the Democratic nomination for governor of Oklahoma. He was defeated in the primaries in 1914.

Cuba annually imports about 600,000,000 feet of lumber.

GERMANS BELIEVE THE BREMEN LOST

Diplomats Do Not Think She Was Captured.

MAY HAVE SUNK IN DIVING

If the Submarine Had Been Captured the British Would Have Probably Made Public Important Documents.

Washington.—Loss of the German submarine merchantman Bremen is conceded by ranking Teutonic diplomats in position to be familiar with the movements of the vessel. The Bremen is now one month overdue.

It was admitted that German officials, not only in this country, but in Berlin, were without information as to the fate of the Bremen. All they know is that she set out for America from Bremerhaven and that she should have arrived at an American port soon after the middle of last month. It is regarded as doubtful that accurate information concerning the fate of the vessel will be available until after the close of the war, if then.

The disappearance of the Bremen will not cause abandonment of the project to send merchant submarines regularly from Germany to the United States, it was said. There appeared to be reason to expect that another subsea freighter, either the Deutschland or some other, would reach an American port some time within the next month.

German officials in Washington do not believe the Bremen could have fallen into the hands of the British unless she had some accident to her machinery. They pointed out that, unlike naval submarines, merchant submarines avoid all localities frequented by shipping, and, therefore, are not open to the same risks.

When the Bremen was a week overdue no anxiety regarding her was felt. The Deutschland was just a week overdue when she came through the Virginia Capes, and the weather conditions then were much better than those which have prevailed during the last month and a half. When the vessel was two weeks overdue anxiety was apparent in various Teutonic quarters, and word of her arrival was anxiously awaited.

Since then hope that the submarine might be safe has dwindled each day and today she was spoken of as having been lost. Reports that the Bremen had arrived safely in New London, Conn., were published in newspapers in Germany more than two weeks ago. It was at New London that a dock had been especially arranged for the reception of the craft.

The Bremen was commanded by Captain Schwarzkopf and carried a crew of approximately twenty-five men.

One official said it was likely that the Bremen had met the fate of a number of naval submarines which had sailed from port never to be heard from again. These vessels have disappeared completely and none of the members of their crews has been reported as being in the detention camps of the Entente Allies. It is presumed that they had some accident which caused them to sink or had a mishap while diving, which prevented them from coming to the surface.

Another argument advanced in support of the belief that the Bremen had met with an accident rather than capture was that she had aboard a number of important documents for the German Embassy here, which probably would have been made public had they fallen into the hands of the British.

MARINES STAND HARD TEST.

Ascend Eight-Mile Mountain Path In Haiti In Two Hours.

San Domingo City.—Lieutenant Kingston, of the United States Marines in Haiti, to determine the staying powers of his 118 men, ranging in age from 19 to 52 and carrying the regulation field equipment, gave a test of ascending a steep mountain path, approximately eight miles, within two hours.

AND STILL COAL GOES UP.

Prices In West Virginia Highest In Years.

Charleston, W. Va.—The price of coal for domestic purposes will be higher in West Virginia this winter than for years, according to dealers. Not coal now sells for nine and one-half cents a bushel, while slack or fuel coal formerly selling at three and one-half cents now costs five and one-half.

15 LOST IN MINE DISASTER.

Six Known To Be Entombed And Nine Missing Near Fairmont.

Fairmont, W. Va.—Six men are known to have been entombed and nine others are missing as a result of an explosion of coal dust in mine No. 7 of the Jamison Coal and Coke Company at Barracksville, near here. The interior of the mine, as well as the tipples and other buildings, were wrecked by the blast.

\$1,000,000 IS MISSION GOAL.

Methodist Woman's Society At Columbus Fix Fund Sought.

Columbus, Ohio.—Thursday was "million dollar day" at the national convention of the Methodist Woman's Home Missionary Society meeting here. Conference secretaries were reporting that pledges for missionary work and the goal for this year is \$1,000,000. Pledges are approximately 10 per cent higher than last year, and indications are the goal will be reached, it is stated.

Latest News From the War Zone

Switching their offensive from the Somme region in France—possibly as a counter to the advance of the Teutonic Allies in the Dobruja region of Roumania—the French have smashed the German line north and northeast of Verdun over a front of four and one-third miles, penetrating it along its entire length, in the center gaining a distance of nearly two miles.

In the Dobruja region of Roumania, the Germans, Bulgarians and Turks are giving no rest to the Russians and Roumanians, who continue in retreat along the entire front from the Black Sea to the Danube River, although at some points they are vigorously opposing the advance of the invaders.

Rachova, on the river a short distance below Tchernavoda, and Madjid, on the railway midway between Tchernavoda and Constanza, have fallen into the hands of the Teutonic Allies. In the latter region cavalry is pursuing the retreating Russo-Roumanian forces well to the north of the railway line. More than 6,700 prisoners have been taken by Field Marshal von Mackensen.

Constantinople reports the operations of Turkish submarines in the Black Sea off the Roumanian Coast, in the sinking of a 3,000-ton Roumanian transport and sailing supply ship bound for Constanza with provisions.

Predeal, to the southward of Kronstadt, on the Transylvanian front, has been captured by the Austro-Germans, according to Berlin, and the resistance of the Roumanians in the Rothenthurm Pass, south of Hermanstadt, has been broken. Bucharest announces that in an attack along the entire Oltuz region the Roumanian captured several hundred prisoners and 10 guns.

Four British and four Norwegian steamers have been sunk by submarines or mines. The tonnage of the British steamers sunk aggregated 12,291.

U. S. SOLDIERS KILLED.

Several Slain In Clash With Santo Domingo Rebel Troops.

Santo Domingo.—In an engagement between American troops and rebel forces Gen. Ramon Batista was killed. Several Americans also are reported killed, including two officers, and one American officer was wounded.

The engagement took place opposite Santo Domingo City and caused somewhat of a panic in the capital. Reinforcements were sent there to aid American troops in maintaining order. The number of killed and wounded in the fight is at present not known.

The American commander attempted to arrest General Batista, who resisted and ordered an attack on the American forces. Fighting continued for a considerable time, but the rebels were eventually defeated.

Revolted Several Weeks Ago.

A revolt occurred in the Dominican Army several weeks ago, but American Marines and bluejackets soon had control of the situation. They were reinforced with American troops from Port Au Prince, Haiti.

NO WOOD PULP RATE RAISE.

Commerce Commission Suspends Raise For Second Time.

Washington.—The Interstate Commerce Commission re-suspended until April 29 Pennsylvania and Baltimore and Ohio railroad tariffs increasing the rates on wood pulp in carloads from Elkton, Md., Wilmington, Del., and other points to Holyoke, Mass., and other New England points.

Beyond the Frontier

By RANDALL PARRISH

A Romance of Early Days in the Middle West

Author of "Keith of the Border," "My Lady of Doubt," "The Maid of the Forest," etc.

CHAPTER XXIII—Continued.

I clung to his hands, staring back still at the grim outline of the silent fort. I understood his thoughts, his desire to aid his comrades; but, for a moment, my mind was a blank. I could not let him go alone to almost certain death. No, nor would he abandon me on such a mission! Was there no other way by which we could serve? Suddenly a thought crept into my mind.

"Monsieur," I asked breathlessly, "where do you suppose those Illinoisians to be?"

"Back from the river, in a glen of caves and rocks."

"How far from here?"

"Four or five miles; there is a trail from the mouth of the creek."

"And you know the way? and there might be many warriors there? they will remember you, and obey your orders?"

He straightened up, aroused as the full meaning of my questioning occurred to him.

"Ay, there is a chance there, if we find them in time, and in force enough to make foray. Sacre! I know not why such thought has not come to me before. Could we but fall on those devils from the rear in surprise, even with a third of their number, they would run like cats. Mon Dieu! I thank you for the thought."

We plunged into the forest, no longer endeavoring to advance silently, but inspired with a desire to achieve our goal as soon as possible. At the mouth of a stream entering the river, D'Artigny picked me up in his arms and waded across. On the opposite bank he sought eagerly on hands and knees for the old trace he dimly remembered. At last he stood erect.

"Ay, lass, it's here to be easily followed. What hour do you make it now?"

"About three."

"So I would have said; and 'tis not daylight until after five. We can scarce make it, yet we will try."

It was not as dark here away from the gloom of the Rock; the forest was open, and yet I will never know how D'Artigny succeeded in following that dim trail at so rapid a gait. As for me, I could see nothing of any path, nor merely followed him blindly, not even certain of the nature of the ground under my feet. Again and again I tripped over some obstacle—a root, a tuft of grass—and continually matted branches flapped against my face. Once I fell prone, yet so noiselessly that Rene passed beyond view before he realized my misfortune, and returned to help me regain my feet. Not until then, I think, did he comprehend the rapidity of his movements.

"Your pardon, dear girl," and his lips brushed my hair, as he held me in his arms. "I forgot all but our comrades yonder. The night is dark to your eyes."

"I can see nothing," I confessed regretfully, "yet you have no difficulty."

"'Tis a woodsman's training. I have followed many a dim trail in dark forests, and this is so plain I could keep to it on a run if necessary. Ah! the fort is awake and vigilant—that was rifle fire."

I had not only heard the sharp reports but seen the flash of fire clearing the darkness.

"The discharges came from the woods yonder—they were Indian guns, monsieur. See! those two last were from the stockade; I could perceive the logs in the flare."

"Ay, and that is all; the lads will waste no ammunition in the gloom, except to tell the savages they are awake and ready."

"How far have we traveled, monsieur?"

"A mile, perhaps. At the crooked oak yonder we leave the stream. You met with no harm when you fell?"

"No more than a bruise. I can go on now."

We turned to the right, and plunged into the thicket, the way now so black that I grasped his jacket in fear of becoming lost. We were clambering up a slight hill, careless of everything but our footing, when there was a sudden rustling of the low branches on either side our path. D'Artigny stopped, thrusting me back, while at that very instant indistinct forms seemed to leap forth from the covert. It occurred so quickly, so silently, that before I even realized danger, he was struggling madly with the assailants. I heard the crash of blows, an oath of surprise, a guttural exclamation, a groan of pain. Hands gripped me savagely; I felt naked bodies, struggled wildly to escape, but was flung helplessly to the ground, a hand grasping my hair—I could see nothing, only a confused mass of legs and arms, but D'Artigny was still on his feet, struggling desperately. From some hand he had grabbed a rifle, and swung it crashing into the faces of those grappling him. Back he came, step by step, fighting like a fiend, until he stood over me. With one wide sweep of his clutched weapon he struck me free, a blow which shattered the gun-stock, and left him armed only with the iron bar. But the battle fury was on him; dimly I could see him towering above me, bareheaded, his clothes torn to rags, the grim barrel poised for a blow.

"St. Ann!" he cried exultantly. "'Tis a good fight so far—would you have more of it?"

"Hold!" broke in a French voice from out the darkness. "What means this? Are you of white blood?"

"I have always supposed so."

"A renegade consorting with devils of the Iroquois!"

"Mon Dieu! No! An officer of Fort St. Louis."

I could see the white man thrust aside the Indian circle, and strike through. His face was invisible, although I was upon my knees now, but he was a short, heavily built fellow.

"Stand back! ay, make room. Saint Guise, we are fighting our own friends. If you are of the garrison, name yourself."

D'Artigny, still clasp his rifle barrel, reached out his other hand, and lifted me to my feet.

"Perchance," he said coolly, "if I were a stickler for etiquette, I might ask you first for some explanation of this attack. However, we have made some heads ring, so I waive that privilege. I am the Sieur d'Artigny, a lieutenant of La Salle's."

"Mon Dieu!" the other stepped forward, his hand outstretched. "'Tis no unknown name to me, although we have never before met by some chance—I am Francois de La Forest."

"La Forest! You were in France three months ago."

"Ay; I was there when Sieur de La Salle landed. He told me the whole tale. I was with him when he had audience with Louis. I am here now bearing the orders of the king, countermanded by La Barre at Quebec, restoring De Tonty to command at Fort St. Louis, and bidding De Baugis and that fool Cassion return to New France."

D'Artigny crushed the man's hand in both his own, dropping the rifle barrel to the ground. His voice trembled as he made answer.

"He won the king's favor? he convinced Louis?"

"No doubt of that—never saw I a greater miracle."

"And Sieur de La Salle—has he returned?"

"Nay; he remains in France, to fit out an expedition to sail for the mouth of the great river. He hath special commission from the king. To me was given the honor of bearing his message. Ah! but La Barre raved like a mad bull when I handed him the king's order. I thought he would burst a blood vessel, and give us a new governor. But no such luck. Pah! I stood there, struggling to keep a straight face, for he had no choice but obey. 'Twas a hard dose to swallow, but there was Louis' orders in his own hand, all duly sealed; and a command that I be dispatched hither with the message."

"How made you the journey in so short a time?"

"Overland from Detroit, the same trail you traveled with La Salle; 'tis much the shorter."

"Your pardon, dear girl," and his lips brushed my hair, as he held me in his arms. "I forgot all but our comrades yonder. The night is dark to your eyes."

"I can see nothing," I confessed regretfully, "yet you have no difficulty."

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"A mile, perhaps. At the crooked oak yonder we leave the stream. You met with no harm when you fell?"

"No more than a bruise. I can go on now."

We turned to the right, and plunged into the thicket, the way now so black that I grasped his jacket in fear of becoming lost. We were clambering up a slight hill, careless of everything but our footing, when there was a sudden rustling of the low branches on either side our path. D'Artigny stopped, thrusting me back, while at that very instant indistinct forms seemed to leap forth from the covert. It occurred so quickly, so silently, that before I even realized danger, he was struggling madly with the assailants. I heard the crash of blows, an oath of surprise, a guttural exclamation, a groan of pain. Hands gripped me savagely; I felt naked bodies, struggled wildly to escape, but was flung helplessly to the ground, a hand grasping my hair—I could see nothing, only a confused mass of legs and arms, but D'Artigny was still on his feet, struggling desperately. From some hand he had grabbed a rifle, and swung it crashing into the faces of those grappling him. Back he came, step by step, fighting like a fiend, until he stood over me. With one wide sweep of his clutched weapon he struck me free, a blow which shattered the gun-stock, and left him armed only with the iron bar. But the battle fury was on him; dimly I could see him towering above me, bareheaded, his clothes torn to rags, the grim barrel poised for a blow.

"St. Ann!" he cried exultantly. "'Tis a good fight so far—would you have more of it?"

"Hold!" broke in a French voice from out the darkness. "What means this? Are you of white blood?"

"I have always supposed so."

"A renegade consorting with devils of the Iroquois!"

"Mon Dieu! No! An officer of Fort St. Louis."

I could see the white man thrust aside the Indian circle, and strike through. His face was invisible, although I was upon my knees now, but he was a short, heavily built fellow.

"Stand back! ay, make room. Saint Guise, we are fighting our own friends. If you are of the garrison, name yourself."

D'Artigny, still clasp his rifle barrel, reached out his other hand, and lifted me to my feet.

seen, yet agreed to return here under my leadership."

"Who is their chief?"

"Old Sequitah—you know him?"

"Ay, a real warrior. 'Tis better than I dared hope, for I have been in battle with him before. Do you number a hundred?"

"And fifty more, though indifferently armed. Never have I seen the Illinois in action, D'Artigny; they seem to me a poor lot, so frightened of the wolves as to be valueless."

"So they are if left to themselves, but under white leadership they stiffen. They will fight if given the Indian style. They will never stand in defense, but if we lead them to a surprise, they'll give good account of themselves. That is my plan, La Forest—that we creep up through the woods behind the Iroquois lines. They will expect no attack from the rear. And will have no guard. If we move quickly while it remains dark, we ought to get within a few yards of the red demons without discovery. They will fight desperately, no doubt, for their only hope of escape would be to either plunge down the rocky banks on either side, or cut a way through. You have been at the fort?"

"Twice before."

"Then you know the nature of the ground. 'Tis all woodland until within a few hundred yards of the gates. You recall the great rock beside the trail?"

"Ay and the view from the top."

"My plan would be to creep up that far, with flanking parties on the slopes below. In front, as you may remember, there is an open space, then a fringe of forest hiding the clearing before the stockade. The Iroquois will be gathered behind that fringe of trees waiting daylight. Is my thought right?"

"'Tis the most likely spot."

"Then listen; I have thought this all out. You and I, with Sequitah, will take a hundred of your Indians, cross the small river, and advance up the trail. That leaves fifty warriors to creep through the woods on either slope, twenty-five to a side, led by your two couriers du bois. We will wait at the great rock, and give the signal."

La Forest stood silent a moment, thinking; then rested his hand on D'Artigny's shoulder.

"It looks feasible enough, but the flanking parties may not reach their positions in time."

"The one from the west will not have as far to travel as we do. The other does not make so much difference, for if the Iroquois break they will come in this direction—the other side of the trail is sheer rock."

"And what about the lady?"

"I shall go with you, messieurs," I said quietly. "There will be no more danger there than here; besides, you would not leave me alone without a guard, and you will need every fighting man."

I felt the grip of Rene's hand, but it was La Forest's voice that spoke.

"The right ring to that, hey, D'Artigny! Madame answers my last argument. But first let us have word with the chief."

He addressed a word into the crowd of indistinguishable figures, and an Indian came forward. Dim as the light was, I was impressed with the dignity of his carriage, the firm character of his facial outline.

"I am Sequitah, chief of the Mascoutins," he said gravely, "for whom the white chief sent."

D'Artigny stepped forward, standing as erect as the other.

"Sequitah is great chief," he said quietly, "a warrior of many battles, the friend of La Salle. We have smoked the peace-pipe together, and walked side by side on the war-trail. Sequitah knows you speaks?"

"The French warrior they call D'Artigny."

"Right; 'tis not the first time you and I have met the Iroquois! The wolves are here again; they have burned the villages of the Illinois, and killed your women and children. The valley is black with smoke, and red with blood."

"The Indian muttered response in his own tongue; then spoke more rapidly, and the mass of warriors below changed formation, the greater number climbing the bank, and grouping themselves in the darker shadow of the woods."

"Who has charge of the others?" asked D'Artigny.

"Bastian Courtray," replied La Forest. "He is yonder."

"Then, Courtray, listen: You follow the stream, but do not venture from cover. Post your men below the stockade and wait to intercept fugitives. We will do the fighting above. Are the warriors with you armed?"

"All but ten have rifles, monsieur. But I know not if they be of value."

"You must make the best use of them you can. Above all things, be quiet, and do nothing to alarm the Iroquois. Do you go."

I leaned forward, watching them as they waded downstream, and then climbed the bank, disappearing in the undergrowth. Sequitah had moved past me, and I heard his voice speaking in Indian dialect. Along the forest aisles his warriors glided by where I stood, noiselessly as shadows. In another moment D'Artigny and I were alone, the black night all about us, and not a sound reaching our ears to tell of those vanished allies. He took my hand, and a carcase in his touch, a suggestion of pride in his voice.

"The old chief warrior still," he said, "and, unless all signs fail, the Iroquois will long remember this day. Come, Adele, 'twill not do for us to be far behind, and we have walked this trail before tonight."

Had I not tested it with my own ears, hundred men could have made way so noiselessly in the dark through such thick forest, rock strewn and deeply rutted. Yet not a sound of their stealthy passage was wafted back to us on the wind—no echo of voice, no rasping of foot, no rustle of leaves. Ghosts could not have moved more silently. Somehow the very thought that these grim savages were thus creeping forward to attack and kill, their hearts mad with hate, wild beasts of prey stalking their victims, yielded me

A party tramped by me, and disappeared, twenty or more naked warriors, headed by a blackbearded Frenchman, bearing a long rifle—the détachement, no doubt, dispatched to guard the slope east of the trail, and hurried forth to cover the greater distance. Yet these could have scarcely advanced far through that jungle when the others were also in line, waiting the word.

The very silence in which all this was accomplished, the noiseless bodies, the almost breathless attention, scarcely enabled me to realize the true meaning of it all. These men were going into battle into a death grapple. They meant to attack five times their own number. This was no boy's play; it was war, savage, relentless war. The stern horror of it seemed to suddenly grip me as with icy fingers. Here was what I had read of, dreamed of, being enacted before my very eyes. I was even a part of it, for I was going with them to the field of blood.

Yet how different everything was from those former pictures of imagination. There was no noise, no excitement, no shrinking—just those silent, motionless men standing in the positions assigned to them, the dim light gleaming on their naked bodies, their ready weapons.

I heard the voices of the white men, speaking quietly, giving last instructions as they passed along the lines. Sequitah took his place, not two yards from me, standing like a statue, his face stern and emotionless. Out of the darkness came D'Artigny, pausing an instant before the chief.

"All is well, Sequitah?"

"Good—'tis as the white chief wishes."

"They will not fail, Sequitah; they are Frenchmen."

The Indian folded his hands across his breast, his eyes on the two men facing him. There was silence, but for the slight rustle of moving bodies in the darkness.

"Sequitah hears the voice of his friend," he announced at last, "and his words sound wise. The warriors of the Illinois will fight beside the white men."

There was no time lost, although I knew but little of what occurred, being left alone there while La Forest and D'Artigny divided the men, and arranged the plans of advance. The dense night shrouded much of this hasty preparation, for all I could perceive were flitting figures, or the black shadow of warriors being grouped together. I could hear voices, never loud, giving swift orders, or calling to this or that individual through the gloom.

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"Good—'tis as the white chief wishes."

"Then we move at once; La Forest will guide the rear; you and I will march together. Give your warriors the word."

He turned and took my hand.

"You will walk with me, dear one; you are not afraid?"

"Not of the peril of coming battle," I answered. "I—I think I hardly realize what that all means; but the risk you run. René! If—if you win, you will be a prisoner condemned to death."

He laughed, and bent low, so I felt his lips brush my cheek.

"You do not understand, dear girl. A moment and I will explain—once we are beyond the stream. Now I must see that all move together."

We advanced through the woods down a slight incline, the Indians moving like so many phantoms. Not a branch rattled as they glided silently forward, not a leaf rustled beneath the soft tread of moccasined feet. D'Artigny led me by the hand, aiding me to move quietly over the uneven ground, but made no effort to speak. Beside us, not unlike a shadow, strode the chief Sequitah, his stern face uplifted, shadowed by long black hair, a rifle gripped in his sinewy arms. We crossed the little river, D'Artigny bearing me easily in his grasp, and, on the opposite shore, waited for the others to follow. They came, a long line of dark, shadowy forms, wading cautiously through the shallow water, and ranged themselves just below the bank, many still standing in the stream. What light there was flickered over naked bodies, and revealed savage eyes gleaming from out masses of black hair.

D'Artigny stepped forward on the exposed top of a tree to where he could see his dusky followers, and La Forest climbed the bank and joined him. A moment the two men conferred, turning about to question Sequitah. As they separated I could distinguish D'Artigny's final words.

"Very well, then, if it is your wish I take command. Sequitah, a hundred warriors will follow you along the trail—you know it well. Have your best scouts in advance, and circle your braves so as to make attack impossible. Your scouts will not go beyond the great rock except on my order. M. La Forest will accompany them."

"We are clear."

The Indian muttered response in his own tongue; then spoke more rapidly, and the mass of warriors below changed formation, the greater number climbing the bank, and grouping themselves in the darker shadow of the woods."

"Who has charge of the others?" asked D'Artigny.

"Bastian Courtray," replied La Forest. "He is yonder."

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"All but ten have rifles, monsieur. But I know not if they be of value."

"You must make the best use of them you can. Above all things, be quiet, and do nothing to alarm the Iroquois. Do you go."

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The Middletown Transcript

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MIDDLETOWN, DEL., OCT. 28, 1916

DELAWARE'S COLLEGES

WITHIN the past year Delaware College has been munificently endowed to the extent of almost a million dollars. This sum, due to the generosity of one of the State's own citizens, together with a live and able president and faculty, will enable the college to take a high position among the other educational institutions of the land.

Not only from a sense of state pride and duty should the parents of Delaware send their sons and daughters to Delaware College and to the newly established Woman's College, but because it offers certain great advantages over most of its competitors should they do so. These advantages are of such a character that lacking them, a boy's college career will largely be misspent labor, time and money.

1st Size. Delaware College in its student body represents about the number best fitted to accomplish the purposes for which a young man enters upon his four years' course in the higher education, for it is neither too big nor yet too small.

Many of the leading universities and colleges have thousands of students, the University of Pennsylvania, for example, having this year nearly 9000.

In so vast a crowd the single youth is simply lost so far as one of the most important elements in his academic life is concerned—that intimate, personal contact with his professors which not only serves to educate but also to inspire him. When hundreds in a single class through the classroom of one professor he cannot give to each young man that personal supervision and study, cannot get that knowledge of the idiosyncracies and needs of each, which in a smaller class would be possible. A large part—indeed, the best part—of the boy's college education comes from this personal touch, sympathy and friendship of his teachers. True, the student gets the general stimulus and inspiration of the whole college life and atmosphere,—and this is much—but he cannot get from his teachers that personal, intimate stimulus and inspiration which only the fewer number permits.

2d. The bigger universities are more and more allowing side issues to interfere with the proper work of the student which is study rather than play or social pleasures. These two evils are excessive athletics and college fraternities.

In some of these big colleges athletic training and contests are taking up far too much of the time and strength of the students, and what is worse, too often result in loss of life, broken bones or other serious injury.

The other evil of secret fraternity rivalry, not only tends to withdraw the student from his college life and work proper, but also to tempt him to spend money he can ill afford—or, rather his hard-working father at home. Costly "frat houses" where the student lives in an atmosphere of spicy club life, which too often tends to intrude upon his studies, his morals and his purse, are becoming common, and every fraternity is ambitious to rear its high-priced "frat" home.

Moreover, this fraternity evil tends to split up the student body into little factions and what is worst of all—to encourage snobishness where the youth's title to recognition by his fellows is not his brains, character and manhood—Democratic Americanism, that—but the amount of money he has or spends.

From both these evils, Delaware College has so far been free, and we trust ever will be. With its ample equipment of new buildings, etc., and an increased corps of professors, Delaware College under the enthusiastic guidance of Dr. S. C. Mitchell, its new president, and his able aids, has entered upon a new and larger career of usefulness, and all Delaware parents should give it the hearty patronage it so fully merits.

Delaware girls, too, need not go away from their own State to find a first-class female college, for the new Woman's College under the able and energetic management of its dean, Dr. Winifred Robinson, assisted by a goodly number of experienced teachers, offers every advantage for a young woman to get as good an education as that afforded by outside institutions. Therefore for these reasons, both Delaware College and Delaware Woman's College receive a

SHERIFF'S SALES

SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF A Lev Fac, to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale at the Court House on Market street between 10th and 11th streets, in the city of Wilmington, New Castle county, Delaware, on

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1916

AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.

the following described Real Estate, viz.: ALL that certain lot, piece or parcel of land with the brick dwelling thereon erected, known as No. 409 West Front street, situate in the city of Wilmington, New Castle county and state of Delaware, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

BEGINNING at a point on the northerly side of Front street at the distance of ninety-seven feet six inches westerly from the westerly side of West street and at the westerly side of an alley eight and one-half feet wide running northerly from Front street; thence northerly along same side of said alley and parallel with West street, sixty feet to the southerly side of another alley three feet wide running westerly parallel to Front street; thence westerly along side of said three feet wide alley fourteen feet four and one-half inches to a corner; thence southerly parallel with first described line and West street, and passing through the middle of the brick division wall between this and the adjoining brick house on the west, sixty feet to the northerly side of Front street aforesaid; and thence easterly by easterly fourteen feet, four and one-half inches to the place of beginning, be the contents thereof what they may. With the free and uninterrupted right, use and privilege of the above mentioned alley in common forever.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Nicola Scano, Executrix, under the will of Angelo Scano, deceased, Mortgagor, and Nicola Scano, his wife, surviving Mortgagor and t t s, and to be sold by

HARRY J. STIDHAM, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., October 19, 1916

SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF

A Lev Fac, to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale at the Court House on Market street between 10th and 11th streets, in the city of Wilmington, New Castle county, Delaware, on

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1916

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the following described Real Estate, viz.: ALL that certain lot or piece of land with the buildings thereon erected, situate in the city of Wilmington aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

BEGINNING at a point on the easterly side of Head street at the distance of sixty-two feet five inches northerly from the northerly side of Tenth street at the center of the party wall between this and the adjoining house on the south; thence easterly parallel with Tenth street, and passing through the middle of said division wall sixty-four feet to a stake; thence northerly parallel with Head street, thirty-six feet seven inches to another stake; thence westerly parallel with Tenth street sixty-four feet to the aforesaid side of Head street and thence thereby southerly thirty-six feet seven inches to the place of beginning. Be the contents thereof what they may. With the free and uninterrupted use and privilege of a six feet wide alley running parallel with Tenth street from Railroad avenue to Head street and also of the six feet wide alley parallel with Head street and running into the said first mentioned alley; she the said Sarah B. Bradley, her heirs and assigns, paying her proportionate share of the necessary expense for keeping the same in good condition.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Mary E. Dickinson, Administratrix of Sarah B. Bradley, surviving Mortgagor of Sarah B. Bradley, her heirs and assigns, paying her proportionate share of the necessary expense for keeping the same in good condition.

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the following described Real Estate, viz.: ALL that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, with the dwelling thereon erected, situate in the city of Wilmington aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

BEGINNING at a point on the westerly side of Van Buren street at the distance of seventy-four feet southerly from the southerly side of Beech street; thence westerly, parallel with Beech street thirty-seven feet to the easterly side of a three feet wide alley leading into Columbia avenue; thence southerly along said easterly side of said alley and parallel with Van Buren street fourteen feet to a point; thence easterly, parallel with Beech street sixty-seven feet to the aforesaid westerly side of Van Buren street, and thence thereby northerly fourteen feet to the place of beginning, be the contents thereof what they may. With the free use and privilege of said alley in common with others entitled thereto forever.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Raffaele Natale and Louisa, his wife, Mortgagors, and t t s, and to be sold by

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the following described Real Estate, viz.: ALL that certain lot or piece of land, with the two two-story brick houses thereon erected, situate in the city of Wilmington, county of New Castle and state of Delaware, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

BEGINNING at a point in the westerly side of Scott street at the distance of one hundred and twenty-eight feet northerly from the northerly side of Fifth street; thence westerly, parallel with Fifth street, one hundred feet to a corner; thence northerly, parallel with Scott street, thirty-six feet four inches, to a corner; thence easterly, parallel with Fifth street, and passing through the middle of the brick division wall between the northerly house on this lot and the house on the lot adjoining on the north, one hundred feet to the mid side of Scott street, and thence thereby southerly, thirty-six feet, four inches to the place of beginning, be the contents thereof what they may.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Severio Di Giacomo, Mortgagor and t t s, and to be sold by

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BEGINNING at a point on the westerly side of South Van Buren street, at the distance of fifteen feet from the northerly side of Columbia avenue, and thence along said westerly side of South Van Buren street, fourteen feet to the middle of a division wall, between the house on this lot and the house on the lot adjoining on the north; thence westerly, parallel with Columbia avenue, and through the middle of the said division wall, sixty-eight feet and six inches to the easterly side of a three feet wide alley running parallel with South Van Buren street, leading into said Columbia avenue; thence southerly along said easterly side of said three feet wide alley fourteen feet to a point; and thence easterly and through the middle of the division wall between the house on this lot and the house on the lot adjoining on the south, sixty-eight feet and six inches to the place of beginning. Be the contents thereof what they may. With the free and uninterrupted use of the said three feet wide alley in common with others entitled thereto forever.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Rosario Migliozzo, and Rosio, his wife, Mortgagors, and t t s, and to be sold by

HARRY J. STIDHAM, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., October 19, 1916

SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF

a writ of Lev Fac, to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale at the Court House, on Market street, between 10th and 11th streets, in the city of Wilmington, New Castle county, Delaware, on

SATURDAY, NOV. 4, 1916,

At 10 A. M.,

the following described Real Estate, viz.: ALL that certain lot, or piece of ground with a three-story brick dwelling thereon erected, situate in the city of Wilmington, New Castle county and state of Delaware, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

BEGINNING at a point on the westerly side of Madison street at the distance of eighteen feet from the corner formed by the intersection of said side of Madison street with the northerly side of Third street; thence westerly parallel with Third street, eighty-nine feet to the said side of Madison street; thence thereby southerly eighteen feet to the place of beginning. With the free and uninterrupted use and privilege of said alley in common forever.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Thomas B. Haugh, administrator of John J. Kennedy, deceased, Mortgagor, and Mary A. Kennedy, his wife, surviving Mortgagor and t t s, and to be sold by

HARRY J. STIDHAM, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., October 19, 1916

SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF

a writ of Lev Fac to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale at the Court House on Market Street between 10th and 11th Streets in the City of Wilmington, New Castle County, Delaware, on

SATURDAY, NOV. 4, 1916,

At 10 o'clock, A. M.,

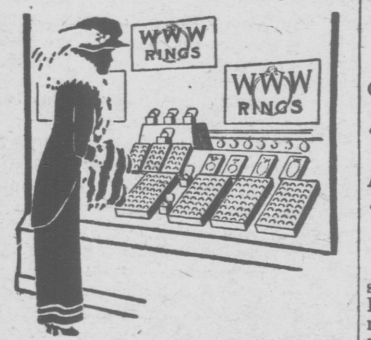
the following described Real Estate, viz.: ALL that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, with brick dwelling house thereon erected, known as No. 512 New Castle Avenue, situate in the City of Wilmington, New Castle County and State of Delaware, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

BEGINNING at a point on the westerly side of Clayton Street at a distance of about one hundred and ninety-nine feet two and one-quarter inches from the Southerly side of B Street; thence Southwesterly at right angles to New Castle Avenue and passing through the middle of the division wall between the house on this lot and the house on the lot adjoining on the North fifty-three feet, more or less, to a point on the Northeasterly side of New Castle Avenue; thence Southerly along said side of New Castle Avenue eighteen feet to a corner; thence Northeasterly at right angles and parallel with the first mentioned line and passing through the middle of the division wall between the house on this lot and the house on the lot adjoining on the South forty-seven feet two inches to the said side of Clayton Street; thence thereby Northerly eighteen feet eight inches more or less to the place of beginning, be the contents thereof what they may.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Lena T. Ginder and t t s, and to be sold by

HARRY J. STIDHAM, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., October 18, 1916.



Howard Watches
Hamilton Watches
Jewelry
Cut Glass and
Silverware

Everything found in an up-to-date Jewelry Store

S. E. MASSEY
Middletown, Delaware

Such tobacco enjoyment

as you never thought could be is yours to command quick as you buy some Prince Albert and fire-up a pipe or a home-made cigarette!

Prince Albert gives you every tobacco satisfaction your smoke-appetite ever hankered for. That's because it's made by a patented process that cuts out bite and parch! Prince Albert has always been sold without coupons or premiums. We prefer to give quality!

PRINCE ALBERT

the national joy smoke

has a flavor as different as it is delightful. You never tasted the like of it! And that isn't strange, either.

Buy Prince Albert everywhere tobacco is sold in tins, 10c; tins, 10c; handsome pound and half-pound tin humidors—and that corking fine pound crystal-glass humidors with sponge-moistener top that keeps the tobacco in such clever trim—always!

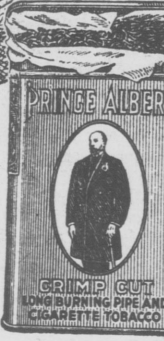
Men who think they can't smoke a pipe or roll a cigarette can smoke and will smoke if they use Prince Albert. And smokers who have not yet given P. A. a try-out certainly have a big surprise and a lot of enjoyment coming their way as soon as they invest in a supply. Prince Albert tobacco will tell its own story!

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO., Winston-Salem, N. C.



Copyright 1916 by R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co.

On the reverse side of this tin you will find the "Process Patented July 30th, 1907," which has made three men smoke pipes, where one smoked before!



MIDDLETOWN OPERA HOUSE

Tuesday Eve., Oct. 31

LONG and CARTER attractions of New York, presents

"Beverly of Graustark"

SIXTH SUCCESSFUL SEASON



A splendid dramatization of the popular novel of same title by Geo. Barr McCutcheon.

This is the same show and company that appeared at the Playhouse in Wilmington, and is first class in every particular.

PRICES—Children under 12 years of age, 25c; General Admission, 35c; Reserved Seats on Sale at Letherburys, 50c.

Attraction Thursday, Nov. 2

DeLuxe V-L-S-E production, Vitagraph Blue Ribbon Feature—

"FATHERS OF MEN" (6 reels)

From the novel by James Oliver Curwood.

Featuring "ROBERT EDESON" and "NAOMI CHILDERS."

Children under 12 years of age, 10c; Adults, 25c.

ELECTION RETURNS

Tuesday Night, November 7, 1916 a special wire will be run to the Opera House and an expert operator will receive the returns as fast as same are sent out. Also plenty of pictures and slides to help entertain you. Come out and spend a pleasant evening.

Children under 12 years of age, 15c; Adults, 25c.

Owen T. Chance

Contracting

HOUSE PAINTER

Middletown, Delaware

Estimates Given. Your Work Solicited

NOTE—As a resident and tax-payer of Middletown, I feel that I am entitled to estimates on local work.

PHONE 117-3

All Work Guaranteed

You Can Afford

to give your children and family the pleasure and profit that comes from music; it pays to do so.

To bring your children up without the refining influence of music is to be unfair to them.

A PIANO of unusual merit and durability that will grace any home can be purchased on VERY EASY TERMS.

NEW UPRIGHTS from \$190.00 up to the famous MATHUSHEK at \$800.00.

Scarf-stool and a Year's tuning are free.

Write us for Catalogue and terms.

Our Tuner is in Middletown, frequently. All Work Guaranteed.

Victrolas Records

Get acquainted with our Mr. Coll

G. W. HUVER CO.

THE HOME OF SERVICE

1031-33 Chestnut St., Philadelphia

D. B. Overcoats
Pinch Back Suits

are the things for the Young Fellows. We have plenty of them; styles, sizes and stock in all the qualities.

SUITS, \$10 to \$25

OVERCOATS, \$10 to \$30

All the other new and good styles for Men and Young Men with the Best Values you will find anywhere.

SWEATERS, \$1 to \$10

MACKINAWs, \$4 to \$10

for Men and Boys, with the biggest assortment we have ever shown.

EVERY DEPT

crowded with the latest and best.

Mullin's Home Store
WILMINGTON

Farms for Sale!

Acres	Price
249.....	\$ 20,000
450.....	22,000
350.....	18,000
187.....	25,000
300.....	15,000
160.....	15,000
281.....	11,000
172.....	10,000
41.....	7,200
120.....	6,000
86.....	4,000
90.....	10,000
150.....	6,300
200.....	11,000
110.....	9,500
100.....	5,700
138.....	6,500
202.....	7,000
75.....	3,100
349.....	8,000
18.....	1,000
200.....	10,000
120.....	12,000
80.....	10,000
120.....	8,000
75.....	8,000
200.....	17,000
280.....	16,000
100.....	7,000
311.....	21,000
160.....	16,000
119.....	6,000

JOHN HELDMYER, JR.

EACH DESIGN IS PRETTIER
THAN THE LAST ONE

It only remains with you to decide the colors you want. Our carpets and rugs are famous for their beauty, because we buy only the richest patterns, and also take the greatest care to keep in stock only those goods that have proven their durability. Come in and see them. You are bound to be pleased.

J. H. EMERSON
Middletown, Delaware

Shoe Repairing

I have purchased a new electric machine for finishing my work, which enables me to turn out all work in the shortest possible time, and the finish is far superior to hand-finished work.

L. FROMKIN

Kates' old stand, East Main St.
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

DAIRY WANTED!

About 200 quarts. Good price and references. Address by letter G. F. Times Office Chester, Pa.

PUBLIC SALE!

At Klair Bazaar. Every Saturday, 75 to 100 horses of all kinds. Anyone having horses to sell, bring them in and get the cash, need not make any special arrangement. More wagon and harness than any other place in the State. Sale every Saturday.

W. H. KLAIR,
5th & Tatal St., Wilmington, Del.

The Transcript, \$1.00

STATE AND PENINSULA

The members of Bethel M. P. Church cleared \$54 from a recent oyster supper.

Survivors of the First Delaware Regiment held their annual reunion in Seaford.

Because nobody wants the post of assessor, Easton will not be reassessed this fall.

Ladies of St. Philip's Episcopal Church, Laurel, raised more than \$100 by a bazaar.

The canning factories near Harbeson distributed \$20,000 to the farmers in that section.

Because of the scarcity of milk in the cities, a milk station is to be established at Georgetown.

The registration in Kent county shows an affiliated vote of 2447 Democrats and 1729 Republicans.

Mail delivery was inaugurated in Newark this week, with Harvey W. Gregg as carrier.

The Wilmington Methodist Conference has accepted an invitation to meet in Seaford next year.

R. Herbert Moffet, Jr., has been appointed Justice of the Peace for Chester town by Governor Harrington.

The salary of John Watson, Court House janitor at Georgetown, has been raised from \$60 to \$75 a month.

The Dover district Epworth League Convention was held in Lewes this Wednesday, Thursday and Friday.

More than \$2000 has been subscribed to the fund to reduce the debt of Asbury M. E. Church, in Wilmington.

There were 750,000 cases of tomatoes packed by the canneries in Talbot county, Md., this year, a record pack.

Building permits authorizing operations to the value of \$50,000 were issued last week by Building Inspector Preston, in Wilmington.

Ministers of all denominations in Kent county have been invited to meet in Wesley M. E. Church, Dover, November 6, to form a county ministerial union.

The registration of Kent county in many districts shows a falling off, due mainly to the many removals from Kent county to Wilmington of employees of the duPont powder plants.

Charles McPherson, assistant herdsman of the University of Missouri, and an expert in animal care, on November 1, will assume charge at the Agriculture Department of Delaware College.

Two automobiles, one carrying Philadelphia motorists and the other filled with Baltimore residents, were wrecked when they ran together near the culvert of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad at Stanton.

An automobile bearing the license, number 3158 was abandoned at Red Lion, after it had run into a herd of cows owned by Harry Appleby and had killed one. The car was registered as the property of James P. Lofland, Milford.

Mayor W. H. Mackall, of Elkton, headed a delegation of Elktonians that journeyed to Baltimore Wednesday and had an interview with the Maryland State Road Commission in reference to the state improving the sections of the state road through Elkton.

According to close estimates and calculations the cost of the new assessment of real estate in the counties of Maryland which began this week, will be about \$125,000. The average time consumed for the assessments in the election districts of the counties will be 65 days.

Governor Charles R. Miller will cooperate with the Governors of Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Maryland in the appointment of an interstate commission, representing the milk producers, dealers and the public, to avert any possibility of a milk strike in Philadelphia.

The Second, Third and Fourth year classes of the George Biddle High School, of Cecilton, will hold an entertainment in the Jr. O. U. A. M. Hall, on Thursday evening, November 2, at 7:30 o'clock. The following plays will be presented: "Mrs. Haywood's Help," "A Paper Match," "The Fascinating Fanny Brown."

The death of William L. Heal, aged 85, a retired policeman, of Wilmington, killed when a fire department automobile in which he was riding overturned along the New Castle road on September 12, was declared accidental by the coroner's jury. Second Assistant Fire Chief Isaac Darlington, who was driving, was not held responsible.

Vice President, Thomas R. Marshall, will be in Wilmington, November 2, and that evening, in The Playhouse, will address what is expected to be the greatest Democratic Demonstration ever held in Wilmington. There will be a big parade of all the Democratic organizations. Charles Jack will be chief marshal, with George Bader as chief assistant.

To lose a flock of 21 geese and ducks, valued at \$30 to \$35, from some mysterious cause, resembling poison, was the hard luck of Nelson Slaughter, a St. Jones Neck farmer, on Friday afternoon last. At 4 o'clock in the afternoon the poultry were as well as could be, but by 6 o'clock that evening they were dead. A flock of younger ducks in a pen were not affected. One of the dead geese was sent by Mr. Slaughter to the state bacteriologist for analysis.

The holly wreath industry will soon begin in Sussex county.

A Democratic rally is to be held in Georgetown Thursday night.

The Sussex County Corn Show will be held in Georgetown on Nov. 9th.

The supper and carnival of Nazareth Methodists, New Castle, netted \$358.

An anonymous donor of Wilmington has given \$1000 to the endowment fund of Asbury M. E. Church.

Thomas Miller, a farmer near Havre de Grace, has lost 20 hogs within the past few days of cholera.

Students at Delaware College have organized a dramatic club, with Robert B. Wheeler, 2d, as president.

Two new cases of infantile paralysis have been reported to the Wilmington Board of Health, and a third from Dover.

Pleading guilty to carrying a deadly weapon, Orville Barker, a Dover boy, was paroled to Pennel Rrah for two years.

After an absence of 30 years, Mrs. Sallie E. Headberg, of Anthony, Kan., is visiting her family and friends in Georgetown.

Elkton has raised \$600 towards entertaining Company E, First Maryland Regiment, upon its return from Eagle Pass, Texas.

Wesley Methodist Church, Georgetown, has invited Dover District Epworth League to convene in Georgetown next year.

Too much smoking among the boys and much noise by the girls among the 1100 students of Wilmington High school has caused complaint.

The Delaware Society for Social Hygiene has raised enough funds for initial efforts toward a three-year educational campaign in the State.

Pleading guilty to violating the liquor laws, Cornelius Howel and Martine Dutton were sentenced to four months in jail at Dover.

Maryland farmers will receive nearly \$15,000,000 for their wheat crop this year, according to estimates of the experts of the Bureau of Crop Estimates.

James Walker, colored, is in Delaware Hospital, suffering from injuries sustained when knocked down by an automobile driven by E. L. Cross, in Wilmington.

Alfred Horsey, colored, arranged before United States Commissioner Mahaffy, in Wilmington, on a charge of raising money orders, was held in \$1000 bail for Federal Court.

The Star Tuberculosis Commission held a luncheon at the Hotel duPont to give the members an opportunity to meet Miss Elizabeth Whitten, the new head of the State dispensary.

William B. Hopton, a member of Delaware Lodge, I. O. O. F., Wilmington, for 60 years, was presented with a gold mounted cane by the members of the lodge on his eighty-second birthday.

C. R. McKinsey, general car inspector of the P. B. & W. Railroad, has been appointed master mechanic of the Washington terminal, Washington, D. C.

Reduction in the size of Sunday newspapers as a means of conserving the news print paper supply of the country and possibly preventing the suspension of small newspapers was urged in a letter sent out recently by the Federal Trade Commission of Washington to all the publishers in the United States.

Although separated by only 600 points out of a possible 4000 from the winners, the team of students representing Delaware College in the Intercollegiate Dairy Cattle Judging Competition stood seventeenth among the teams of eighteen land-grant colleges which competed. The winning team was from the State College of Nebraska.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS

-OF-

Red Lion Hundred

The taxable residents of Red Lion Hundred, and all persons liable to pay tax in said Hundred are hereby notified that the Taxes for the year 1916 are now due, and the undersigned Tax Collector for said Hundred, will be at

J. C. Stuckert's Office, in St. Georges August 28th, September 4th, 25th; October 9th, 23d; November 6th, 20th; December 11th and 27th. From 9 A. M. to 12 M.

Parlor of Robinson House, Del. City August 26th, September 9th, 30th; October 14th, 28th; November 11th, 25th; December 9th and 30th. From 9 A. M. to 12 M.

Pennsylvania R. R. Station, Kirkwood August 21st, September 25th, October 16th, November 27th, December 18th. From 9 A. M. to 12 M.

Tax bills can be obtained by making personal application to the Collector, or by sending written communication enclosing stamps.

Extract from the Laws of Delaware, Governing the Collection of Taxes of New Castle County, Section 3, Chapter 30, Volume 21, Laws of Delaware, as Amended:

SECTION 3.—That on all taxes paid before the first day of October there shall be an abatement of five per centum. On all taxes paid before the first day of December there shall be an abatement of three per centum. On all taxes paid during the month of December there shall be no abatement whatever. And on all taxes unpaid on the first day of January there shall be added one per centum per month until the same shall be paid.

J. C. STUCKERT, Collector for Red Lion Hundred.



Pigs and Kerosene

Agricultural colleges experiment to ascertain the best feeding methods for pigs. By scientific study they determine what will practically assure success and profits.

What has this to do with kerosene? Just this: scientific research by experts has produced a kerosene for you to feed your lamps and oil stoves—a kerosene so highly refined, so pure in form, that it is called

ATLANTIC Rayolight OIL

to distinguish it from ordinary kinds. It will not smell, smoke or char the wicks. You can have a brilliant yet soothing light and a steady, room-filling heat without fussing with burners, trimming wicks and turning the flame up and down. When used in lanterns it gives a clear, far-reaching light. And it costs not a penny more than ordinary kinds. Always ask for it by name.

Watch for the sign—Atlantic Rayolight Oil For Sale Here. You're likely to find it a reliable place to do most of your buying. When the wind howls, and the snow packs along the windows, it's a heap o' comfort to have a barrel of Atlantic Rayolight Oil on hand. Don't take it home unless the brand name is on the barrel.



THE ATLANTIC REFINING COMPANY
Pittsburgh and Philadelphia

Perfection Smokeless Oil Heater

No chopping kindling, no shoveling coal, no tinkering with draughts. Just strike a match and your Perfection Oil Heater will keep you warm and comfortable, no matter how hard the wind blows. You won't have any smoke, soot, ashes, or the slightest odor. Any dealer will be glad to show you Perfection Oil Heaters, priced

\$3.50 to \$5.00

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

An Act Proposing an Amendment to Section 1 of Article 9, of the Constitution of the State of Delaware, in Relation to Corporations.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Delaware in General Assembly met (two-thirds of all the members elected to each House concurring), that

Section 1. That Section 1 of Article 9 of the constitution of the State of Delaware be amended by striking out all of Section 1 of said Article 9, and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "Section 1. No corporation shall hereafter be created, amended, renewed or revived by special act, but only by or under general law, nor shall any existing corporate charter be amended, renewed, or revived by special act, but only by or under general law; but the foregoing provisions shall not apply to municipal corporations, banks, trust companies possessing banking power, or corporations for charitable, penal, reformatory, or educational purposes, sustained in whole or in part by the State, all of which said last mentioned corporations shall be created, amended, renewed or revived only by special act, and shall possess only those powers, rights, privileges and franchises conferred by the general assembly creating, amending, renewing or reviving them, and shall not merge or consolidate with any other corporation except upon the consent and approval of the General Assembly, two-thirds of all the members elected to each House thereof concurring therein. The General Assembly shall, by general law, provide for the revocation or forfeiture of the charters of all corporations for the abuse or misuse or non-use of their corporate powers, or privileges or franchises. Any proceeding for such revocation or forfeiture shall be taken by the Attorney-General, as may be provided by law. No general incorporation law, nor any special act of incorporation, shall be enacted without the concurrence of two-thirds of all the members elected to each House of the General Assembly, and with a reserved power of amendment, revocation or repeal by the General Assembly with the concurrence of two-thirds of all the members elected to each House thereof."

COLEEN FERGUSON, President of the Senate.
CHARLES H. GRANTLAND, Speaker of the House.

Approved March 16th, 1915.
CHARLES R. MILLER, Governor.

I, Geo. H. Hall, Secretary of State of the State of Delaware, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of Senate Bill No. 95, entitled "An Act Proposing an Amendment to Section 1 of Article 9, of the Constitution of the State of Delaware, in Relation to Corporations," as the same appears on the enrolled Bill filed in the office of the Secretary of State and approved by the Governor March sixteen, A. D. 1915, which said Bill proposing such Amendment to the Constitution of this State is published in accordance with the requirements of the Constitution of the State.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and official seal at Dover, this twenty-seventh day of July, in the year of our Lord, One Thousand Nine Hundred and Sixteen.

GEO. H. HALL, Secretary of State.

DR. WARREN S. P. COMBS, DENTIST, MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

(Office of the late Dr. Stites)

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS

-OF-

Blackbird Hundred

The taxable residents of Blackbird Hundred, and all persons liable to pay tax in said Hundred, are hereby notified that the Taxes for the year 1916 are now due, and the undersigned Tax Collector for said Hundred, will be at

S. A. DAVID'S RESIDENCE, FOREST, DEL. WEDNESDAY, OCT. 25th, 1916 From 1 to 3 P. M.

AT BLACKBIRD, SATURDAY, OCT. 28th, 1916 From 1 to 3 P. M.

Tax bills can be obtained by making personal application to the Collector, or by sending written communication enclosing stamps.

EXTRACT FROM THE LAWS OF DELAWARE, GOVERNING THE COLLECTION OF TAXES OF NEW CASTLE COUNTY:

Section 3.—That on all taxes paid before the first day of October there shall be an abatement of five per centum. On all taxes paid before the first day of December there shall be an abatement of three per centum. On all taxes paid during the month of December there shall be no abatement whatever. And on all taxes unpaid on the first day of January there shall be added one per centum per month until the same shall be paid.

HARRY S. WOODKEEPER, Collector of Taxes for Blackbird Hundred

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS

-OF-

APPOQUINIMINK HUNDRED

The taxable residents of Appoquinimink Hundred, and all persons liable to pay tax in said Hundred, are hereby notified that the Taxes for the year 1916 are now due, and the undersigned Tax Collector for said Hundred, will be at

AT THE OFFICE OF GEORGE M. D. HART, IN TOWNSEND, DEL., EVERY MONDAY, During OCT. 1916, From 2 to 5 o'clock, P. M.

Tax bills can be obtained by making personal application to the Collector, or by sending written communication enclosing stamps.

EXTRACT FROM THE LAWS OF DELAWARE, GOVERNING THE COLLECTION OF TAXES OF NEW CASTLE COUNTY, SECTION 3, CHAPTER 30, VOLUME 21, LAWS OF DELAWARE, AS AMENDED:

Section 3.—That on all taxes paid before the first day of October there shall be an abatement of five per centum. On all taxes paid before the first day of December there shall be an abatement of three per centum. On all taxes paid during the month of December there shall be no abatement whatever. And on all taxes unpaid on the first day of January there shall be added one per centum per month until the same shall be paid.

W. S. MONEY, Collector of Taxes for Appoquinimink Hundred

NEAT and BEST

JOB WORK

Apply to This Office

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS

-OF-

St. Georges Hundred

The taxable residents of St. Georges Hundred, and all persons liable to pay tax in said Hundred, are hereby notified that the Taxes for the year 1916 are now due, and the undersigned Tax Collector for said Hundred, will be at

AT R. S. CARPENTER'S STORE, IN PORT PENN., SATURDAY, OCT. 28th, 1916 From 9 to 11 A. M.

TOWN OFFICE, MIDDLETOWN EVERY SATURDAY, During OCT. 1916 From 2 to 5 o'clock P. M.

AT ASPRIL'S SHOPS IN ODESSA EVERY MONDAY AND WEDNESDAY During OCT. 1916 From 7 to 12 A. M.

EXTRACT FROM THE LAWS OF DELAWARE, GOVERNING THE COLLECTION OF TAXES OF NEW CASTLE COUNTY, SECTION 3, CHAPTER 30, VOLUME 21, LAWS OF DELAWARE, AS AMENDED:

Section 3.—That on all taxes paid before the first day of October there shall be an abatement of five per centum. On all taxes paid before the first day of December there shall be an abatement of three per centum. On all taxes paid during the month of December there shall be no abatement whatever. And on all taxes unpaid on the first day of January there shall be added one per centum per month until the same shall be paid.

GEORGE E. RHODES, Collector of Taxes for St. Georges Hundred

Low Rate Sunday Excursion

PHILADELPHIA

A City Rich in Historic Memories

Sunday, November 5

SPECIAL-TRAIN LEAVES

Train Leaves A. M.	Excursion Fare	Train Leaves A. M.	Excursion Fare
Delmar.....6.00	\$2.00	Wyoming.....7.40	\$1.70
Laurel.....6.12	2.00	Dover.....7.49	1.65
Seaford.....6.24	2.00	Cheswold.....7.59	1.60
Cannon.....6.33	1.95	Brendford.....8.05	1.55
Bridgeville.....6.40	1.90	Clayton.....8.12	1.50
Greenwood.....6.50	1.85	Blackbird.....8.24	1.45
Farmington.....7.00	1.80	Townsend.....8.30	1.40
Harrington.....7.10	1.75	Middletown.....8.41	1.30
Felton.....7.21	1.70	West Phila. Ar. 10.08	
Viola.....7.27	1.70	Philadelphia (Broad St) Ar. 10.07	
Woodside.....7.33	1.70		

Returning leaves Philadelphia 7.00 P. M., West Philadelphia 7.04 P. M.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY

To visit "The City of Brotherly Love," see the Battleships at League Island Navy Yard, visit Independence Hall, open 1.00 to 4.00 P. M., Academy of Fine Arts or Memorial Hall, open 1.00 to 5.00 P. M., City Hall Tower, open 12.30 to 4.00 P. M., see the beauties of Fairmount Park, or amid the varied sights of a great city enjoy

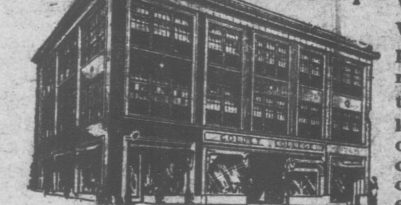
NINE HOURS IN PHILADELPHIA

Tickets on sale at all ticket offices beginning November 4

Pennsylvania Railroad

THE BOOK OF BUSINESS ADVICE

For Young People



What must you know to find work quickly in business offices? What is paid for such service? What must you know to hold positions and to be promoted rapidly? Where shall you get the necessary training? How long will it take, and what will it cost? Who else have taken such courses and how have they made out? And after all, should you enter business and in what capacity? New Business Home of Golden College. CATALOGUE has been of great, unbiased help to thousands of young people in answering these questions to their satisfaction. It has fifty-one pages of information of interest to those who think of taking up a business career. It will aid YOU in making your plans. Write for it today.

GOLDEY COLLEGE, WILMINGTON, DEL.

Choice Meats

I keep on hand constantly all of the best grades of FRESH and SALT MEATS. Special brand of select MAJESTIC HAMS. Choice City dressed Beef, home dressed Veal and Lamb.

Special cut price on 20 lbs. or over of all Beef sold in our store. We solicit a call and inspection of our Meats.

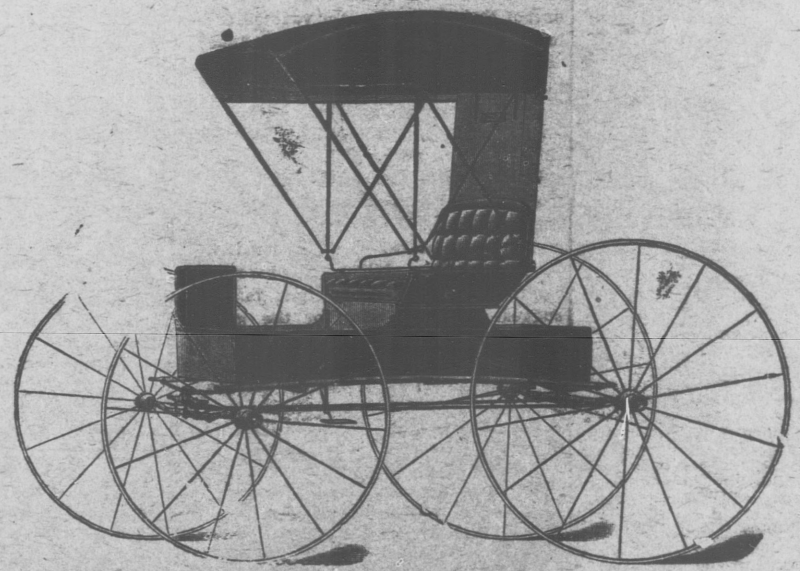
Jos. R. Heldmyer,

N. Broad St. Middletown, Del.

Our Furniture

is guaranteed to stand up with the coming years. It is not to be thrust aside when the journey of life is half over. Our furniture will see you through to the end. All the prevailing fashions in exquisite taste into dignified and substantial works of art. Sets for every room and individual pieces as well. Spring Mattings, Rugs, Linoleum.

W. J. WILSON Middletown, Del.



All the best makes of High and Medium grade Carriages in stock at all times

J. F. McWhorter & Co.

MIDDLETOWN DELAWARE

Take, you are already convinced that what you need, you can get at all drug stores. If Swamp-Root by enclosing gives you the opportunity to see a sample bottle. Address Dr. J. C. Stuckert, Middletown, Del. Be sure and mention this paper.

BIRSKY and ZAPP

By MONTAGUE GLASS

Author of "Polish and Perlmuter"

As an interpreter of the shrewd and humorous immigrant Jew in American business life, Mr. Glass is delightful. His characters in this series of sketches are representative of a very numerous type in our cities, especially New York. Get acquainted with Birsky and Zapp!

"THERE is no more pleasure in reading advertisements nowadays," said Barnett Zapp, the waist manufacturer, to Louis Birsky, the real estate.

"Why not?" Birsky said.

"Well," Zapp said, "what fun is it to read in a paper:

REMOVAL SALE

192 Fair to Middling Suits.
Season-before-last's Make
\$13 to \$25.

Used to be \$16 and \$21, but on account of moving we marked them down, because some people have got an idea that when you move you reduce prices, and maybe they wouldn't see this advertisement.

B. SCHLEMIEL & CO.

"And who would go to work and pay money to put in a paper an advertisement like that?" Birsky inquired.

"Everybody nowadays," Zapp said. "They doesn't do otherwise, because what with the Federal and State pure food laws and newspapers which is paying fellers fifty thousand dollars a year to show up advertisers so that no advertiser would take a chance on advertising, Birsky, if you want to advertise your merchandise, you understand, you've got to tell the truth or the least that happens you is \$10,000 bail on a certificate of reasonable doubts. So that's the way it goes, Birsky. Former times a lady reads in the paper

WOMEN'S TAILORED SUITS

the Latest From Paris
WAS \$120. NOW \$16.25

you understand, and right away she forgets that she is going to take dinner Friday night with her husband's folks out in Borough Park; that the doctor said that people with her trouble could live for years already.

"But what is it nowadays for such a woman? She reads

WOMEN'S SUITS

Bankrupt Stock of Morris Schlecht.
Schlecht's price.....\$16.35
Our price.....\$16.25

and not only does all her troubles come back on her, but she thinks she is also developing a peculiar pain in her side.

"Maybe the advertisement give it to her," Birsky suggested.

"Sure it did," Zapp replied. "This here first-to-last-the-truth advertisement is driving women to moving pictures, Birsky. Another thing is the way drygoods stores is acting nowadays. Former times a woman buys a dress at a drygoods store on April 2nd and wears it up to and including July 15th, when she brings it back with symptoms of a beefsteak supper, two weddings and a chocolate nut sundae on the front panel, Birsky, and for the next six months she has the time of her life trying to get a credit check for it. It gives her a great interest in things. Her eyes get bright and her cheeks is got fresh color in them, the same like an advertisement for a complexion cream before the enactment of Section 3416, Subsection A, of the Penal Code in relations to False and Misleading Advertising. What is it nowadays, Birsky? A crepe de chine dress could have enough soap spilled on it to make it look like moire velvet, Birsky, and when a woman returns it with the pleasant expectations of never being so insulted in her life, Birsky, before she could even open her mouth to say 'Listen?' you understand, the floor walker pulls a credit check on her."

"And I suppose," Birsky commented, "for the next few days she walks around looking so downhearted that whenever her lady-friends see her they go 'home and practically throw the meals at their husbands and give her an explanation that they'd like to see themselves worrying themselves to death over any man."

"Well, I'll tell you," Zapp said, "maybe the drygoods stores is getting down on their money back guarantees, Birsky, but that's because they are suffering from the fact that people ain't acquainted with up-to-date advertising ideas. Their customers still thinks that when a drygoods store says:

If anything you buy here proves unsatisfactory it will be exchanged or your money will be refunded—Birsky, it must be understood that such a guarantee means:

If anything you buy here proves unsatisfactory by the evidence of six uninteresting witnesses which a crackerjack A-number-one trial lawyer couldn't rattle on cross-examination, it will be refunded when so ordered by the Supreme Court of the United States or a Justice thereof after the last appeal gets taken and judgment is confirmed in an action brought for that purpose, it being understood and agreed that nothing in this guarantee shall apply to or bind the party or the same, his heirs, executors, administrators and assigns.

energetic manager accepts an advertisement Robinson, he censured the number of experienced General Jof every advantage for rent comes in to get as good an offer with his afforded by outside instn reporter to fors for these reasons. And if he College and Delaware. He advertise

the managing editor, the art editor, two prominent clergymen and a handwriting expert.

"Aber what I couldn't understand is: Why should a manufacturer suppose it helps the sale of his shoes to advertise 'em with a picture of a bald-headed man, even supposing he does look that way?" Zapp said.

"For that matter, Zapp, my wife's brother Sig as a young feller used to rub talcum powder on his upper lip, because he thought it would make grow for him a mustache like the feller on the box," Birsky said.

"Was there any such claim on the box besides the picture?" Zapp asked.

"No," Birsky said, "but Sig had just come over from the old country and couldn't read English."

"Well, all I could say is he is lucky he didn't want to raise a bald head instead of a mustache," Zapp replied, "because he would of been set back at least \$5.00 for shoes instead of twenty cents for talcum powder."

"A feller who thinks he could get bald headed by wearing any particular brand of shoes should ought to get stuck for \$5.00," Birsky said, "never mind he couldn't read English."

"Well, that only goes to show how careful a newspaper should be if it doesn't want its readers to be swindled," Zapp said. "Some people which is too foxy to believe anything they read in the news section of a newspaper gets fooled very easy by advertise-



"Signs His Name in the Presence of the Managing Editor, the Art Editor, Two Prominent Clergymen and a Handwriting Expert."

ments. They could read it in the paper how seals has become so scarce that if all the seals in existence was divided up among the inhabitants of the State of Kansas there would be only .00062 seals to an inhabitant. Also they could see in a Sunday paper how the Secretary of Commerce and Labor gives out an interview that the United States is keeping a line of battleships in Alaska to prevent poachers from killing seals, Birsky, but that owing to the high price of sealskins in New York, the poachers takes a chance on getting shot, starved, frozen and drowned and sometimes catches as many as twenty-eight and a half seals in a season, you understand, and yet, Birsky, when a concern by the name of the Paris and San Francisco Fur Importing Company advertises fur overcoats with Baffin Bay Seal Lining and genuine Prussian Lamb collars at from \$19.99 to \$21.50 apiece, then newspaper readers figure what does a Secretary of Commerce and Labor know about seals anyway."

"Maybe they figure that way, and maybe they figure that the feller which is running the Paris and San Francisco Fur Importing Company is just some poor goose that has got ahold of a line of seal overcoats and don't know their seal value, Zapp, and never mind if the feller WOULD have a wife and family depending on him, Zapp, that's HIS lookout. If he is fool enough to let them seal-lined overcoats go at from \$19.99 to \$21.50, he shouldn't be in the fur business if he don't know no more about furs than that; so they buy an overcoat off of him, Zapp, just to teach him a lesson as it were."

"Sometimes they also figure that the reason why the Paris and San Francisco Fur Importing Company could sell genuine sealskins at \$19.99 is that the overcoats was stolen, Birsky," Zapp said, "so they go to work and buy 'em on the principle of what the eye don't see it, what is it the heart's business?"

"Then what is the use of newspapers protecting them crooks by not printing fake advertisements?"

"I don't know, Birsky," Zapp said.

"In fact, Birsky, I ain't got no sympathy for a bargain hunter anyway."

"And quite right too," Birsky said. "It's always a joke to stick a bargain hunter; Zapp, because if he wasn't out to stick somebody himself a bargain hunter wouldn't be a bargain hunter. There is fellers in this town, Zapp, millionaires and college gradswaters—which when they talk about quack stores gets so red in the face that you'd think they was discussing labor unions, Zapp, and in the very next breath, you understand, they'll tell how they was motorizing in the mountains of West Virginia and how they come across a log cabin where an old feller and his wife was raising a little corn for a living and eating it off a broken-down mahogany table with bony legs, club feet and all the other deformities which turns a human being into a helpless cripple and a table into a \$1,000 antique, Zapp. Then they'll tell you how they bought the table from the poor mountaineer for \$2.35 and brought it back to New York and had it polished for \$1.03 and sold it to an antique dealer for \$1,275.00; and they never stop to consider that while a quack store proprietor may sell a fur overcoat for \$21.50 by representing that the lining is genuine seal, the gar-

ment probably stands him in as much as \$10.50, reckoning what he paid the tailor for manufacturing and the S. P. C. A. for the skins."

"At the same time, Birsky," Zapp said, "if I would be a reputable merchant, and sootily I TRY to be, Birsky, I wouldn't advertise my goods in a paper which also accepts advertisements from quack stores, because I figure that if a bargain hunter wouldn't know of an advertised store where he THINKS he could get a \$100 overcoat for \$21, he would go to an advertised store where he really and truly could buy a \$100 overcoat for \$100, or any how \$110.50. So you see, Birsky, censoring advertisements is really for the benefit of the advertiser and not for the feller who reads 'em."

"Maybe you're right, Zapp," Birsky agreed, "aber it don't make no difference how small its circulation would be, a newspaper couldn't overestimate the foolishness of people that read advertisements."

"I believe you," Zapp said. "Now you take me for instance, and I am a pretty hard proposition. If I see in a newspaper that I am recommended to drink sparkling Grapefruit made from the juice of the ripest Illinois grapes, I take it for granted that on the bottle it says: 'The contents of this package is composed from grape skins, grape stalks, grape boxes and grape barrels, sweetened with sakkarono and artificially colored and carbonated, contains

Here, for instance, one is started to see the cactus—typical of the western deserts—growing in profusion. Here also the trailing arbutus, usually found only much farther north, blooms in all its glory. In the dune woods are to be found ten or a dozen varieties of orchids, the flowers of which are strange-ly beautiful. One must go hundreds of miles from Chicago to find in any other locality such a display of orchids.

In the spring the more wooded dunes are carpeted with ten or more different kinds of violets and in the early fall the fringed gentian—almost extinct elsewhere about Chicago—blooms in great abundance on the sloping sides of the dunes. This is but to mention the first half dozen of the more than thousand varieties of plant life which make the dunes with their intervening marshes and sloughs the greatest attraction to lovers of wild flowers.

But the dunes have another and a more remarkable feature which makes them almost unique in the affection of the scientist and nature lover.

Plants and trees, it is known, change their shapes and their habits of growth to accommodate themselves to changing natural conditions. Usually these changes extend over centuries, so slow is the normal change in the surface of the land on which they grow and in the other factors which affect them.

The Shifting Panorama.

But in the dune country such changes in surface are rapid. From year to year the dunes creep and crawl under the influence of the winds. New dunes are created, old dunes swept away; where a dune has been conquered by plants and trees and has stood the same for years the shifting sands may start an invasion and pile a new dune on top of the old. To all these constantly shifting conditions the trees and plants as constantly fight to accommodate themselves.

One may see a promising forest of jack pines, maples or cottonwoods half buried in the rising sand or drowned in the flood, with nothing but their dead tops projecting. One may find where the willows, for instance, quickly changing to meet the changing conditions, have grown trunks twice as tall as usual, with roots running out sev-

ely 14 miles long. The bridge proper, over the main channel of the river, is a slender iron structure more than 2,400 feet long, disposed in five arches. Two mighty abutments on the right and left banks, together with six stone piers and ice-breakers, support this section which is elevated more than 100 feet above the water, thus enabling the tallest vessels to pass beneath it without hindrance.

The bridge cost the Roumanian government nearly \$7,000,000. With its completion Bucharest was brought within a seven hours' journey of the Black sea shore. The eastern end of the bridge is 90 miles in an air line west of Constantinople, and 60 miles east of Bucharest. The distance by rail between the capital and the port is 147 miles. Owing to the importance of this line in the handling of troops landed at Constantinople by Russian transports, work probably has been rushed on the double tracking of the road between Bucharest and Cernavoda, this extension having been decided upon by the Roumanian parliament more than a year ago.

Together with the approaches and the stone causeways across that part of the neighboring marshes and meadows which are subject to periodical inundations, this great structure is fully 14 miles long.

At the time it was thrown open to traffic this was the only bridge spanning the Danube below the Serbian capital of Belgrade. The engineer responsible for the structure was a Roumanian, A. Saligay.

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Wonderful Dunes of Indiana

CLIMBING THE MINIATURE MOUNTAINS

LIVING within a ride of one hour and a half from the center of the city of Chicago is a natural wonderland, which has attracted the keen interest of scientists the world over. Yet it is not likely that one out of a thousand Chicago people ever visits it—much less is acquainted with the marvels which it presents.

When the International Association of Plant Geographers held their meeting in Chicago years ago its members—scientists from several continents, who were familiar with most parts of the world—were asked what features they specially wished to see in the United States. Every one of them included in his list of four or five localities the sand dunes about the southern end of Lake Michigan. They shared honors with the Grand Canyon of the Colorado and Niagara Falls as the leading attractions of the country in the minds of the visiting scientists.

Lately earnest efforts have been made to induce Indiana to purchase the dunes tract and make of it a state park. It has also been suggested that the federal government acquire it and set it aside as a national park.

Wonderful Wild Flowers.

The first thing which makes the sand dunes country unique in America is the great number of rare wild flowers which grow there and nowhere else within hundreds of miles of Chicago. Perhaps in no other single place are to be found all the thousand varieties of plant life which are native to the dunes.

Here, for instance, one is started to see the cactus—typical of the western deserts—growing in profusion. Here also the trailing arbutus, usually found only much farther north, blooms in all its glory. In the dune woods are to be found ten or a dozen varieties of orchids, the flowers of which are strange-ly beautiful. One must go hundreds of miles from Chicago to find in any other locality such a display of orchids.

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eral feet higher than the original surface of the ground.

Sometimes after the trees have grown tall the sand moves away instead of piling up and the roots are left bare, twisting and twining in curious shapes.

Some of the sand dunes are more than 10 feet high, and in many instances their tops and sides are carved into beautiful and strange shapes by the lake winds.

Especially desirable is the preservation of a part of the dune country as a park and reservation for wild life near a big city, because in addition to its wealth of plant growth it is one of the great way-stations of the birds in their flights to and from the South. The chain of the great lakes bars the North and South pathway of the birds for hundreds of miles, and in their multitudes they sweep round the western edge of Lake Michigan to find the first open road. In the spring and fall hundreds of different species stop over in the wooded country of the dunes to rest their wings.

Eagles Seen There.

Prof. H. C. Cowles of the department of botany in the University of Chicago, who has worked and studied in the dunes for 20 years, has often seen eagles there. Many varieties of owls and hawks are also among the feathered residents.

A large part of the dune country which is adjacent to Chicago has already been exploited. The manufacturing town of Gary was built among the dunes, which were leveled to suit the purposes of commerce. Another big tract is used as a sand mine and ruined an object of natural beauty and interest.

It happens that during the Gary boom a tract of 2,500 acres, lying between Dune Park station and Michigan City, was bought up by a local syndicate and is still held untouched in its original condition. It fronts eight miles on Lake Michigan, and Professor Cowles is authority for the statement that its beach cannot be surpassed by that at Atlantic City. The slope out to deep water is most gradual, and the sand itself is much finer than ordinary sea sand, because it is sifted by the winds, which leave only the finest.

Urn Many Centuries Old.

Among the relics of pre-Inca civilization, found on the western slope of the Andes and now in the United States, is an ornamental urn, three feet high, and supposedly more than 2,000 years old. Strange to say, with many other valuable finds, in pottery, gold, stone and platinum, this urn was found among the ruins of dwellings built of wood. It seems to be rather fortunate that otherwise that fire-proof vaults were unknown to the pre-Incas.

If, taxed by obnoxious affairs, you feel like giving away to anger or revolt, then hasten to get away from your own self and do not yield to impressions that are liable to rob you of your self-possession. The more you exercise our will in maintaining our mental equipoise, the easier this control becomes for us.—Marcus Aurelius.

Willing to Pass.

"Sweet are the uses of adversity," quoted the Parlor Philosopher. "You can have mine," said the Mere Man. "I don't care for sweets."—Town Topics.

Look to the Future.

Henceforth lumber growing will be making profitable use of soil; not a quick profit, and possibly no profit to the planter, but should he not be mindful of his descendants?



THE EVER CHANGING DUNES

CERNAVODA BRIDGE A WONDER

Great Railway Span Across the Danube Cost Roumanian Government Nearly \$7,000,000.

Regele Carol I is the official name of the greatest bridge in Roumania and one of the most interesting series of railway spans in the world. It is the long steel and stone link which when completed in 1895 bound Ostend on the North sea to Constantinople on the Black sea, two ports that at the outbreak of this war were connected by a de luxe express train service three times a week, says a bulletin of the National Geographic society.

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Home Town Helps

TOWNS COULD SET EXAMPLES

Streets in Many Small Cities Worse Than Country Roads—Farmers Have Better Public Spirit.

It is high time that the rural sections of America called to the towns to mend their ways and their streets, says a writer in the Country Gentleman. This is our conclusion after a recent tour of hundreds of miles through a prosperous country. We found highways in rural sections well kept and comfortable, but there was a far different story in the small cities and in the numerous towns and villages through which we passed. The main country roads were smooth boulevards compared with the streets in the average town or city. In some places where the homes were handsome and the factories busy the streets were full of holes.

It was a striking illustration of the greatest roads—failure in America. Small cities and towns have lagged. A roads expert, who recently has traveled over most of the country, says the fault is general. In the past five years the rural situation has improved vastly, but the small city and town showing is sad. When you near a settlement you begin to bump.

For this explanation is that the town or city has too much local indifference. A banker said to us: "We have two factions and each is so busy fighting the other that nothing is done. The very communities that ought to be ahead on good thoroughfares are behind."

Perhaps farmers might jog them into right action by taking their patronage to towns and cities that provide good streets to travel over.—Chicago News.

THE WAY TO PLAN YOUR HOME

Each Room Should Have Favorable Exposure—Here's How to Make Things Comfortable.

No more important question confronts the homebuilder than the exposure of the rooms in his prospective home, for no matter how charming a house may be nor how convenient its interior arrangement, it cannot be entirely successful unless each room has a favorable exposure.

A living room having windows on its east and west side may capture both the morning and afternoon sun, and if, in addition, it opens out on a porch facing the south, no more satisfactory arrangement is possible.

A porch facing the south makes a pleasant open-air living room in warm weather and a cheery, glassed-in sun parlor in winter.

For the dining room, an easterly exposure is desirable, thus giving one a cheerful amount of sunshine for what is apt to be in many households the most trying meal of the day.

The model kitchen will have windows facing both north and south. This makes for comfort in summer and admits the late afternoon sun, which considerably lengthens the hours of daylight.

South and west for the chambers is the correct exposure, with windows facing both ways, if possible.

Trees for the Streets.

Is Work Too Hard?

Many kinds of work wear out the kidneys, and kidney trouble makes any kind of work hard. It brings morning lameness, backache, headache, nervousness, rheumatism and urinary troubles. If your work is confining, strains the back, or exposes you to extreme heat or cold or damp, it's well to keep the kidneys active. Doan's Kidney Pills are reliable and safe. Thousands recommend them.

A Virginia Case

C. L. Cook, 202 Oak St., Covington, La., says: "A bad case of diptheria left my kidneys very weak. The first symptom was backache that kept growing worse and then the kidneys began to swell. I was unable to pass water frequently and was in great pain. I tried many remedies but nothing helped me. I kept getting worse until I gave up hope of recovery. Finally, I used Doan's Kidney Pills and they cured me. During the past seven years, I have had no further trouble."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Stops Neuralgia Pains
Why suffer from excruciating neuralgia pains when an application of Yager's Liniment will give quick relief?
This liniment is good too, for rheumatism, sciatica, headache, pain in chest or side, sprains, cuts and bruises. The large 16 cent bottle of Yager's Liniment contains four times as much as the usual bottle of liniment sold at this price. At all dealers.

YAGER'S LINIMENT
GILBERT BROS. & CO.
Baltimore, Md.

Cardui Wins Suit.

After a trial in the United States District Court of Chicago, before Judge Carpenter and a Federal Jury, the jury found the American Medical Association guilty of libeling Cardui, the woman's tonic, which they had denounced as a "nostrum."

This is a vindication of the medicine and a proof that it has merit, which was recognized by a jury after a trial of three months, one of the longest civil cases on record.

Many doctors and chemists testified on both sides and the evidence totaled nearly four million words.

Siles, Granulated Eyelids, Sore and Inflamed Eyes healed promptly by the use of ROMAN EYE BALSAM.—Adv.

Then She Called Him a Brute.

"Oh, Jack, I expect I shall be awfully stupid now," said the young wife, when she returned from the dentist's.

"How's that?" asked her husband, in surprise.

"I've just had my wisdom teeth pulled," she mourned.

"Oh, dear one, the idea that wisdom teeth have anything to do with wisdom is quite absurd!" hubby reassured her. "If you had every tooth in your head pulled, it couldn't make you a bit stupider than you are now, you know."

Band Saw's Freak.

When a band saw in a St. Louis plant broke the other day, the accident was marked by peculiar features. As the saw was cutting through a large log it came across a spike that was imbedded in the wood, and as the band was traveling at immense speed when it snapped, one end of it broke off and passed through the log as if shot from a cannon. This part was eight feet in length and half of it projected and as it came out in a curve, it is to be surmised that the other half remains coiled in the log in the same form. The occurrence was no less unusual than remarkable.

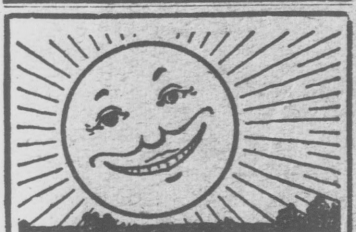
The Evening's Embellishments.

"Why don't you join our literary club?"

"I don't play cards, or dance the modern dances."

Time Wasted.

Many a man wastes his time telling other people not to waste theirs.—Exchange.



Sunny Dispositions

and good digestion go hand in hand, and one of the biggest aids to good digestion is a regular dish of

Grape-Nuts

This wonderfully delicious wheat and barley food is so processed that it yields its nourishing goodness to the system in about one hour—a record for ease of digestion.

Take it all 'round, Grape-Nuts contributes beautifully to sturdiness of body and a radiant, happy personality.

Every table should have its daily ration of Grape-Nuts.

"There's a Reason"

GOOD ROADS

EXPERIMENT IN GOOD ROADS

Government Constructed Over 480,000 Square Yards of Different Types in 1912-1913.

Over 480,000 square yards of different types of roads for experimental and object-lesson purposes were constructed during the fiscal year 1912-1913 under the supervision of the office of public roads, United States department of agriculture, according to Bulletin 53 of the department, making a total of over 4,000,000 square yards of road constructed under the supervision of this office since 1905.

The types of roads built were brick, concrete, oil-cement concrete, bituminous concrete, bituminous-surfaced concrete, bituminous macadam, surface treatment, macadam, asphalt-slag, oil-asphalt-gravel, oil-gravel, oil-coraline, gravel-macadam, gravel-slag, sand-clay, sand-gumbo, burnt clay, shell and earth. The object lesson and experimental work during the past year was done at a cost to the local communities of \$189,841.80. This does not include the salaries and expenses of the department engineers.

The road work during the year was done in Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Maryland, Mississippi, Nebraska, North Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, Wisconsin and the District of Columbia.

CONCRETE ROADS IN HAWAII

Fine System of Highways Being Developed on Islands—Paradise Offered to Motorists.

A large increase in visitors to the Hawaiian Islands this year has brought prominently to the front the vital question of good roads. The second city of the territory, Hilo, has led the way, and has already constructed handsome concrete boulevards leading from the wharves throughout the business section. The outlying districts, under the management of a progressive local government, have put their highways in thorough order, and automobiles may now enjoy on the big island, some hundreds of miles of perfect macadam surface through the most magnificent scenery. With a choice of every variety of climate, from the fully tropical to the eternal snows of the high mountains, the island of Hawaii offers a motoring paradise without a peer in the world.

Federal Road Funds.

The apportionment of federal road funds available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1917, are as follows for New York and neighboring states:

New York	\$236,720.27
New Jersey	\$9,212.85
Connecticut	\$1,990.44
Delaware	\$1,194.37
Maine	\$8,651.50
Maryland	\$4,047.22
Massachusetts	\$3,550.90
New Hampshire	\$3,690.82
Pennsylvania	\$28,644.17
Rhode Island	\$1,662.71
Vermont	\$2,948.47

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1918, each state will receive double the above figures; for 1919 three times, for 1920 four times, and for 1921 five times the amounts above stated.

CAMPAIGN IN WEST VIRGINIA

"Get Out of the Mud" Is Slogan Used in Behalf of Better Roads—Motorists Are Wanted.

"Get Out of the Mud" is the slogan used in West Virginia in a campaign in behalf of better roads. Several counties have recently voted favorably on bond issues for road improvements, and these words played an important part in the activities of good-roads advocates preceding the elections. The slogan was employed as the refrain in a song in one election. Good roads advocates in West Virginia say that satisfactory highways will bring in many motorists, as the mountain scenery of the state is of rare beauty.

ENHANCED VALUE OF A FARM

It Would Aid Greatly If Roads Were Permanently Good So Bigger Loads May Be Hauled.

Do you know how much the value of your farm would be enhanced if your roads were permanently good so you could haul two loads one trip instead of one load in two trips?

Begin the improvement by putting the roads adjacent to your own ranch in good condition, then offer your services to help in the improvement of other sections of the road.

Lot of Fungus Trouble.

There is a lot of fungus trouble this season. Blights, rusts, rots, mildews and other bacterial and fungus diseases are common. There is no use dodging; we must fight them with the proper fungicides or they beat us.

Right Size of Farm.

Selling off land till all debts are canceled and little or no hired help needed has saved a good home for many a worthy family who, had they clung to the big farm, would have lost all.

Strawberries for New Bed.

Do not take strawberry plants from an old bed to set a new bed, unless you can easily pick out the varieties and the plants are young and vigorous.

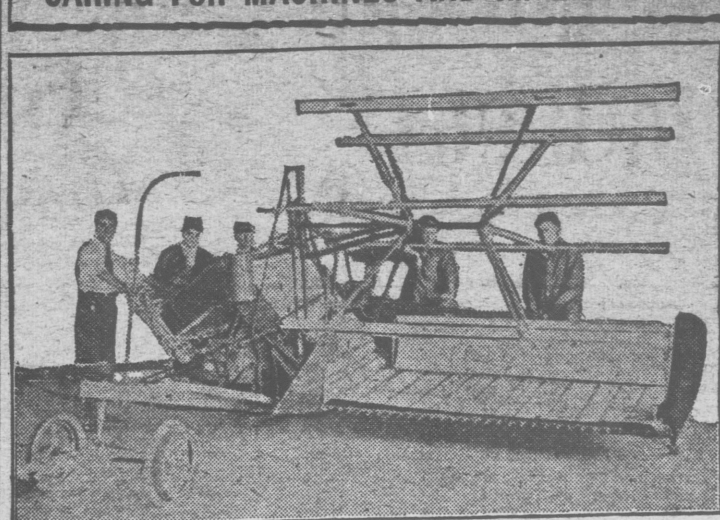
Cultivation of Orchard.

If the orchard was cultivated as carefully as the corn crop the yield of fruit would be a pleasant surprise.

Grain Is Necessary.

Grain is a necessity in the feed of every hen.

CARING FOR MACHINES AND IMPLEMENTS



BINDERS LESSEN WORK OF FARMERS.

By M. A. R. KELLEY, Missouri Agricultural Experiment Station.

The harvest is over. Every machine and implement which is not in use should be under cover. The fall rains plant the seeds of rust, which are harvested by the manufacturers of farm machinery.

The average life of farm machinery in this country is short, entirely too short, and for years has caused an enormous annual loss to the farmers, and large profits for the manufacturer. The best machinery will wear out in time, but the life of any implement depends primarily upon the care



At Work in Field.

it has received and the facility and ability of the farmer to do repair work. The implements used on the farm represent a large investment, and this investment increases yearly. Every

BACTERIA CAUSE OF SLIMINESS IN MILK

Preventive Measures Consist in Thorough Steaming or Boiling of Utensils.

Sliminess or ropiness which develops after the milk has been standing for some time, is due to the development of bacteria. Although a number of kinds of bacteria sometimes cause ropiness in milk, it is considered probable that the type known as Bacterium Lactis Viscidum is most often responsible for that condition.

It is frequently found in water. Animals wading through surface water infected with this organism may contaminate the udder and flanks which in turn contaminate the milk at milking time. It is possible water used in cooling the milk, or even that used in rinsing utensils, may be responsible.

Preventive measures consist of thorough steaming or boiling of all utensils, as they may be harboring the organism; the protection of milk and utensils from dust; and the cleaning up and possibly disinfection of the stables. The cow should be kept from wading in pools of water. Sometimes the source of trouble can be discovered by placing samples of the milk, at different stages of its production, in bottles that have been boiled or sterilized in some manner. For instance, one sample should be taken by milking directly into the bottle, another from the milk pail, another after straining and so on. The samples should be allowed to stand at usual temperature, and if some show the ropiness and others do not, the source of contamination may be located. Of course, strict sanitation is always possible and must be guarded against. This trouble is often difficult to locate and get rid of.

Organisms, other than the one mentioned, which ordinarily do not cause ropiness in milk, are sometimes responsible for this trouble. The ordinary milk souring bacteria seem to produce a ropiness in exceptional cases.

Ropy milk is not harmful. Of course, this statement does not apply to milk which is stringy when it comes from the udder. Its condition, in this case, is due to an inflamed condition of the udder and it is dangerous. A ropiness fermentation is purposely developed in much of the milk used in making Edam cheese, in Holland. The people of Norway drink large quantities of a sour ropiness milk. Bacteria which cause a ropiness in milk, are used in much of the fermented milk sold in the cities of this country.

Do Not Market Dirty Eggs.

A dirty egg looks bad, and of two lots, one dirty and the other clean, the dirty lot sells much more slowly. Washing eggs that have dirty spots brings a sufficiently higher price and quicker demand to pay for the trouble.

Churnability of Cream.

The churnability of cream depends largely on its being ripened evenly.

Develop Common Cow.

Many a common cow can be made good with more food.

year that can be added to the life represents profit. This is the age of the "iron horse," and unless we take care of our machinery the annual loss is going to increase enormously.

Every farmer should study his machine and see where he can increase its efficiency. Oil is cheaper than repairs and new tools, and when properly used will reduce the friction and increase the life of the machine.

If the binder has not already been housed, it should be done as soon as possible. During a trip across the state last winter, the writer counted seven binders out in the field within a radius of 50 miles, and some of them were new machines. Under such treatment a binder will not last more than three years. Then the total yearly loss on these machines, whose cost was about \$900, would amount to \$300. This is more than the yearly profit on some farms. With proper care the same machines could have been made to last ten or fifteen years.

"A high polish on the moldboard is of far more value than that acquired in high society." When you are through with your plow this fall cover the moldboard with any heavy grease that will keep the air away from it and put it away. This will keep the plow from rusting and can be easily removed. The same treatment to the disk harrow and cultivator shovels will protect them.

The farm machinery is only used for a short period, but must work continuously when being used. Hence it must be in good running order and properly adjusted.

When buying a new machine keep in mind these four words: Simplicity, reliability, durability and accessibility. Then if the machine is given proper care, long life and greater profits are insured. Use plenty of oil and grease.

HARD TASK TO KEEP FARM HORSE WORKING

Expensive to Feed Animal That Stands at Rack and "Eats His Head Off."

(By R. M. GREEN, Missouri Agricultural Experiment Station.)

One of the hard jobs on the average farm is keeping horses profitably employed throughout the year. It is necessary to have enough to do the work at the busy season but very expensive to feed the horse that stands at the rack and "eats his head off" the rest of the year. In its study of the question, the Missouri agricultural experiment station found one young farmer who kept his horses working and costs down to 8.7 cents an hour, per horse, as compared with 7.9 cents on the average farm. The horse which did the most work worked nearly three and a half times as many hours a year as the one which did least, and nearly twice as many hours as another. The actual numbers of hours they worked were 1,340, 1,239, 1,028, 702 and 391.

In these days of efficiency and economy it is highly important that every man should do everything possible to reduce the total number of horses it is necessary to keep and increase the ways of finding profitable employment for them. Of course live stock is very necessary if the soil fertility is to be kept up, but aside from work animals the stock should be something that will produce meat, milk or eggs in return for the feed it uses.

UNPRODUCTIVE SOIL MAY BE CORRECTED

Texture and Fertility Improved by Growing Sweet Clover—Sow With Grain.

Unproductive and heavy clay and hard-pan soils may be so improved in texture and fertility by growing sweet clover on them for a few years that they become quite productive. The seed weighs 60 pounds to the bushel. Sow 15 pounds to the acre. Sow early in spring on well-prepared land.

The seed may be sown with the grain in the fall. Rough, wooded or stony lands that cannot be tilled may be seeded by sowing the seed broadcast during the late fall or early winter. The seed will be covered by the alternate freezing and thawing of the ground.

Keep Chickens Separated.

Don't let the later hatched chicks sleep in the coop with the larger ones, but separate them according to ages and sizes.

Feed Grain to Calves.

Dairy calves should be taught to eat grain as soon as possible. They can grind their own feed better than it can be done for them.

Expensive Covering for Machines.

Blue sky is a poor and very expensive covering for farm machinery.

DAIRY FACTS

VARIATIONS IN CREAM TESTS

One of Most Common Causes Is Difference in Amount of Water Used for Flushing.

There are many causes for the variations sometimes found in cream tests. Presently would be a better word to use than sometimes in connection with this subject, for variations in the tests may always be looked for. A few of the causes are here given.

If the milk of a herd of cows whose average test is 4 per cent is separated so that the cream tests 40 per cent and the milk suddenly drops to 3.5 per cent of fat, as will often occur, the cream will then test only 35 per cent. The amount of fat lost in the skim milk is not affected to any appreciable extent by the richness of the milk separated.

One of the most common causes of variation in the test of cream from the farm separator is a variation in the amount of water or skim milk used for flushing out the cream at the end of the run. It is apparent that especially where a small quantity of cream is separated, a marked difference in the richness of the cream may be made by a change in the amount of water or skim milk used. It is an easy matter to vary a pint or more in the water or skim milk used and this alone may easily change the per cent of fat in the cream from 2 to 5 per cent. The per cent of fat in the cream may be readily changed, as is well known, by adjusting the cream screw.

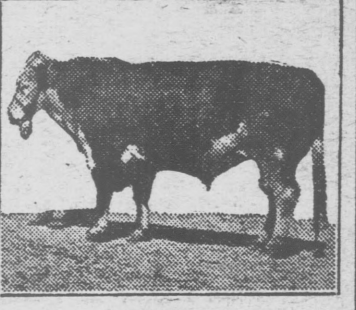
The cream screw, however, is not changed very frequently and it is not the common cause of the variations in the test which constantly occur and which causes so much friction between the buyer and seller of cream.

SCRUB SIRE NOT PROFITABLE

Farmers Advised by Ohio Expert Not to Sell Head of Herd Until Daughters Been Tested.

Can a bull be worth nearly \$3,000 in one year in a dairy herd? The animal may be worth this much or even more, according to figures given by Prof. C. C. Hayden of the Ohio experiment station.

He shows that in the station dairy herd one bull produced daughters averaging 153 pounds more butterfat annually than their dams. If ten daughters produced milk for six years, the total production of this sire would be



Purebred Bull.

worth \$2,750 more than that of a bull that produced no increase, if butterfat is worth 80 cents a pound.

Since the value of the bull can be determined only by the milk and butter yields of his daughters, farmers are advised not to sell the dairy sire until his daughters have been tested. Buyers should not discriminate against an old bull if he has some high-producing daughters, for his value cannot be determined until he is at least four years old.

HERD SUBORDINATE TO FARM

Farmer Makes Big Mistake If He Does Not Regard Cows as Assistants or Side Issue.

(By DR. H. B. FAVILL.)

The man who doesn't regard his herd of dairy cows, be they grade or purebred breeding cattle, as the handmaidens of the farm, as the assistants, as the side issues of the farm, and which is only a means of building the farm up to its highest possibilities, ought to fall, and he probably will. For, after all, it is the farm that counts, and not the herd that is on it. It is the farm that makes the farmer, and not the herd. In the long run, take the country through, there will be no great breeders except those that are great farmers, because the herd is subordinate to the farm and is used for the purpose of magnifying the farm.

RICHNESS OF A COW'S MILK

Mistake to Expect That It Can Be Influenced by Character of Feed Given to Animal.

It seems reasonable to expect that the richness of milk could be influenced by the character of the feed given to the animals. However, it has been thoroughly proved that for all practical purposes it is impossible. The richness of the cow's milk depends upon inheritance and can no more be changed permanently by the feed than can the color of her hair. If the milk cannot be changed in richness by the feed it is clearly impossible for cream to be influenced in this way.

Food for Milk Production.

Green succulent food is better for milk production than the same kind of fodder cut and dried, no matter how carefully cured.

Keep Bull Separated.

Do not let any bull run with the dairy herd. The young bull may be injured, and the old bull may injure someone.

Keep Separator Clean.

Clean the separator every time after using.

Wright's Indian Vegetable

the test of time. Test them yours for sample to 372 Pearl street, N. Y.

Saskatchewan, Canada, on

inviting market for American clothing, groceries and machinery.

When the Home Team Lost.

"Charley, dear," said young Mrs. Torkins, "do you believe in going according to the will of the majority?" "Of course. Everybody does."

"Then why doesn't the baseball umpire try to make his decisions that way oftener?"

Aeroplanes for Explorers.

Aeroplanes are to be included in the equipment of an exploring expedition that is setting out from Buenos Aires to study a little-known region which includes Mar Chiquita, a lake having an area of some 1,000 square miles, located about 350 miles northwest of Buenos Aires. It is the belief of the explorer that with aeroplanes it will be possible to secure panoramic photographs which will prove invaluable in showing the topography and geography of the country.—Popular Mechanics Magazine.

MOTHER'S JOY SALVE

for Colds, Croup, Pneumonia and Asthma; GOOSE GREASE LINIMENT for Neuralgia, Rheumatism and Sprains. For sale by all Druggists. GOOSE GREASE COMPANY, MFR'S, Greensboro, N. C.—Adv.

And Have Men at Their Mercy.

Mrs. Gabb—I understand that the number of lady barbers is rapidly increasing.

Her Husband—Shouldn't wonder! It's a business in which women can talk while they work.—Boston Evening Transcript.

W. L. DOUGLAS

"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"

\$3.00 \$3.50 \$4.00 \$4.50 & \$5.00 FOR MEN AND WOMEN

Save Money by Wearing W. L. Douglas shoes. For every \$1000 shoes cost you \$100 less. The Best Known Shoes in the World.

W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom of all shoes at the factory. The value is guaranteed and the wearer protected against high prices for inferior shoes. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York. They are always worth the price paid for them.

The quality of W. L. Douglas shoes is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The most styles are the leaders in the Fashion Centres of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.

Ask your shoe dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you with the kind you want, take no other make. Write for interesting booklet explaining how to get shoes of the highest standard of quality for the price, by return mail, postage free.

LOOK FOR W. L. Douglas name and the retail price stamped on the bottom.

Good Reason.

"Oh! Why did I ever marry you?" "Because I didn't know any better."—Life.

Dr. Peery's "DEAD SHOT" is an effective medicine for Worms or Tapeworm in adults or children. One dose is sufficient and no supplemental purge necessary.—Adv.

No Place for Jokes.

"I see the word 'obey' is to be left out of the marriage ritual."

"Yes, the church people evidently thought the ritual was no place for a joke."—Houston Post.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of J. C. Fletchering.

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletchering's Castoria

Fancy Canine.

"Your wife seems fond of dogs."

"I don't think she really is. She won't have a dog around unless he looks more like a chrysanthemum than he does like a dog."

HOW TO REMOVE DANDRUFF

Itching and Irritation of the Scalp With Cuticura. Trial Free.

On retiring lightly touch spots of dandruff, itching and burning with Cuticura Ointment. Next morning shampoo thoroughly with Cuticura Soap and hot water. These super-creamy emollients do much to keep the scalp clean and healthy and to promote hair growth.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

The man of business is born, not made.

W. N. U., BALTIMORE, NO. 44-1918.

THOUSANDS HAVE KIDNEY TROUBLE AND DON'T KNOW IT

A Trial Will Convince Anyone.

Thousands of people have testified that the mild and immediate effect of Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy, is soon realized and that it stands the highest for its remarkable results in the most distressing cases.

Symptoms of Kidney Trouble.

Swamp-Root is not recommended for everything but if you suffer from annoying bladder troubles, frequently passing water night and day, smarting or irritation in passing, brick-dust or sediment, headache, backache, lame back, dizziness, poor digestion, sleeplessness, nervousness, heart disturbance due to bad kidney trouble, skin eruptions from bad blood, neuralgia, rheumatism, lumbago, bloating, irritability, worn-out feeling, lack of ambition, may be loss of flesh or sallow complexion, kidney trouble in its worst form may be stealing upon you.

Swamp-Root is Pleasant to Take.

If you are already convinced that Swamp-Root is what you need, you can purchase the regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles at all drug stores.

SPECIAL NOTE—You may obtain a sample size bottle of Swamp-Root by enclosing ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. This gives you the opportunity to prove the remarkable merit of this

ODESSA

Mr. George Whitlock is visiting friends in Philadelphia.

Mrs. O. C. Stevens is spending this week with Wilmington friends.

Mr. and Mrs. George Rhodes were recent visitors in Magnolia Md.

Mr. William Bogensheitz was a visitor to Philadelphia on Sunday last.

Mr. T. A. Reynolds and family were guests of relatives in Media on Sunday.

Mr. David Lynam, of Cecilton, has been visiting his daughter Mrs. William Craig.

Misses Blanche Wiest and Isabella Smith spent Saturday and Sunday with friends in Wilmington.

Miss May C. Enos is a visiting delegate to the Epworth League Convention at Sidersville, Md.

Mr. E. J. Goodwin and family, of New Castle, were guests of Mrs. Marshall Thornton on Sunday.

Misses Rachel Shockley and Florence Jewell, of Wilmington visited Mrs. John VanHorn last Sunday.

Miss Marian Janvier and Mrs. Humphrey, of Claymont, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Watkins this week.

Mrs. Ella Tracy, of Philadelphia, spent one day last week with her brother, William Gremminger and family.

Misses Reba Thornton, Maud Parker and Ada Hall, of Wilmington, were guests of Mrs. David Thornton, on Sunday last.

Epworth League on Sunday evening at 6.45 o'clock—Topic Am I Evading God's Call. Leader, Miss Blanche Wiest. Everybody Welcome.

Mrs. Isaiah Stewart and little granddaughter Miriam Stewart, of Chester, Pa. spent Sunday with her father Captain John Morris.

The Odessa Opera House has been engaged for an entertainment to be given on Thursday night, the 9th of November, by the famous Mandolin Club of Delaware College. This musical troupe, of about twenty members, presents a splendid program, which makes a very attractive entertainment.

TOWNSEND

Mrs. Niles, of Wellsboro, is visiting her son, Dr. J. D. Niles and family.

John Geary, of Atlantic City, N. J., is visiting Walter S. Money and family.

Miss Mary McCall, of Reading, Pa., is the guest of Miss Ethelwyn Maloney.

Mr. Richard Fennimore spent the week with his brother, Wilmer Fennimore.

Mrs. Harvey Records and children, of Blackbird, spent Tuesday with Mrs. L. L. Maloney.

Mrs. Elizabeth Lockerman, of near Smyrna, has returned to her home after a five weeks' visit with her daughter, Mrs. Harry Staats.

Harvest Home celebration to be held Sunday, October 29th. Special services will be held in the M. E. Church, beginning at 10.30 A. M.

Edwood Rheims and wife, of Wilmington, were tendered a variety shower at the home of his sister, Mrs. Edward Reynolds on Tuesday evening, by their many friends of town.

Much anxiety is being felt for the condition of Mrs. Carrie Burge, daughter of Mrs. Emma Wellton Rhodes, who on Monday entered Medico Chi Hospital, to undergo an operation for a goitre.

Misses Rena Staats, of town, and Pearl Boggs, of Brenford, who underwent surgical operations at Medico Chi Hospital, Philadelphia last Friday are doing nicely and their many friends here are anxiously waiting their return home.

WARWICK

The M. P. parsonage is being improved by a cement pavement.

The Sewing Circle met at the home of Mrs. B. S. Hall Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. Stanley McCoven is spending sometime with his mother near Baltimore.

Mrs. Mollie Manlove, of Cecilton, is visiting her niece, Mrs. McCoven, this week.

Preaching Sunday morning. Christian Endeavor in the evening, everybody invited.

We are glad to report Miss Jodie Stearns, who has undergone several operations, is improving and hopes to be home soon.

The Aid Society met at the home of Mrs. Thornton Friday evening. Quite a number were present. After the business meeting they were invited to the dining room where ice cream, cake, bananas, peaches and grapes were served.

Suits and Overcoats cleaned, pressed and remodeled in the latest styles at the well known tailor M. Berg, East Main St.

New Castle Sunday School Association.

The twenty-ninth annual convention of the New Castle County Sunday School Association was held in the Methodist Episcopal Church at Townsend, Thursday. A large number of delegates and visitors were in attendance.

The feature of the evening session was an address by the Rev. Samuel Steinmetz, of Wilmington, on "The Intermediate and His Religion: 'The Challenge of the Hour.'"

Woodlawn Honor Roll

The following pupils of Woodlawn school were on the Honor Roll for the month of September: Edna Armstrong, Francis Crawford, Grace Van Dyke, Margaret Murray, Laura Blanchfield, Mary Blanchfield, Anna Blanchfield and Boyd Armstrong.

Government League

A far meeting of the "Better Government League," held October 12th, 1916, a resolution was offered, and unanimously adopted to write a letter to each candidate for the Legislature. A committee was appointed for that purpose.

The letters prepared were as follows: To Mr. Walter S. Letherbury, Democratic Candidate for the State Senate.

To Mr. Frank R. Pool, Republican candidate for the State Senate.

To Mr. M. B. Burris, Republican candidate for the House of Representatives.

To Mr. John Heldmyer, Jr., Democratic candidate for the House of Representatives.

For the information of your constituents will you answer each of the following questions?

First: If elected to the Delaware Legislature will you sign and vote for re-submission license or no license in New Castle county.

Second: Will you vote for a repeal of the present bottle law?

Please answer at once. Yes or No. To the secretary of the New Century Club, Miss Helen V. Shallcross.

To the secretary of the Women's Christian Temperance Union, Mrs. C. Alberta Hoffecker.

Middletown, Del., Oct. 26th, 1916. To Mrs. Lilly N. Biggs, Sec'y. Better Government League, and officer members of New Century Club and Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

Ladies:—I am in receipt of yours endorsing copies of resolutions as passed by your several organizations, and in reply would say, I find it impossible to answer the questions just as you request, standing as I do on a platform declared by a Democratic Convention it may be unfair to make pledges that would introduce new planks in the party's platform that were made in the Democratic State Convention. I assure you, however, that if elected I shall do all in my power to carry out the wishes of a majority of the voters in the Sixth Senatorial District, and work for the best interests of the County and State.

Very Truly Yours, WALTER S. LETHERBURY.

October 21, 1916. My dear Madam:—Replying to your inquiry, submitted by the club which you represent, permit me to say that if elected to the Delaware legislature I will sign and vote for re-submission license, or no license, in New Castle county, and I will vote for a repeal of the present bottle law.

Very respectfully yours, MARTIN B. BURRIS.

To Miss Helen V. Shallcross, Secretary New Century Club, Middletown, Delaware.

McDonough, Delaware, Oct. 19, 1916.

Dear Miss Shallcross:—In reply to the questions sent me by the "Better Government League," I will say I can answer yes in both cases. When I was in the Legislature I made a record for voting and working dry on all wet and dry questions and if elected at the coming election will be only too glad to do what I can for the dry cause.

Very Truly Yours, FRANK R. POOL.

Middletown, Del., 25th, 1916. Miss Helen V. Shallcross, Secretary New Century Club, Middletown, Del.

Dear Madam:—I acknowledge receipt of your communication conveying to me the resolution adopted by your Club on the 12th instant.

I, as a candidate for the House of Representatives of the State of Delaware wish to tell you that I, in common with many other of our citizens, am very pleased to note the interest which the Clubs of our community are taking in its upbuilding and in the betterment of our County Government. I should feel myself derelict in the performance of duties as a citizen or as a member of the Legislature (in case I should be elected) if I should do or refuse to do any act that would in anywise stand in the way of better government or the improvement of social conditions in our Community, State or Nation.

It affects my dignity to feel that my people would have to pledge me to be sure that I would serve them to the best of their interest. For your information, however, I should tell you that I am thirty-five years of age, and do not know the taste of liquor or any other intoxicating drink. I have no affiliations with, or am I under obligations to any liquor interest.

If elected to the Legislature, you may certainly depend upon me to honestly and conscientiously be a servant to the people of St. Georges hundred to the best of my ability, and whatever my reason and sense of right might suggest as the best thing for the general welfare of the community. I shall unhesitatingly support all measures designed to promote the same, and no pledge or promise is necessary to tie me to this position.

JOHN HELDMYER, JR.

Exhibition at Galena

The exhibit of the Home Economics Club in the county will be held at the school house in Galena Saturday, October 28. The public is urged to come and inspect the work which has been done by the girls during the past year and encourage them by the interest manifested. The exhibit will consist of sewing, canned products, bread and poultry, with records of the work.

The work was organized in September, 1915, by Helen M. Comstock, County Home Demonstration Agent for Kent. There are clubs now in nine communities, with an enrollment of over 200 girls.

GREEN'S FINE CONCRETE WORK

Mr. William Green, the plasterer, ably assisted by Mr. George Manning, has just finished a fine lot of concrete pavement and gutter work. After plastering Mr. Crossland's new house Mr. Green laid the sidewalk in concrete on the west side of South Broad from the corner of Church street to the Citizen's bank.

Then he made an excellent pavement in front of Mrs. Nauda's property from the side steps of her dwelling, along the front and side of Fogel & Burstan's Department Store, and thereafter along all the stores on North Broad to Anderson street.

After making a fine concrete gutter from the Anderson corner to the iron culvert on Main street, wherein he did not imitate the futile attempt on the opposite side of the street, to make water run up hill, he laid a third piece of unimpeachable concrete sidewalk before Mr. J. B. Foard's home on West Main street.

Mr. Green's sidewalk work is even better than that laid by the Juniata Company, and his gutter made no blundering departures from the grade that keeps water standing in spots. Mr. Green is a skillful and quick workman, and his lieutenant Manning also, while their colored helper Gless is also an able worker. If the Town Board had gotten Mr. Green to do that spoiled and costly job of street making on Main the citizens would surely have had a better street for less money.

Read Fogel & Burstan's "Weekly Store News." It is your interest as well as ours.

County Treasurer's Report

The report of Charles H. Lippincott, county treasurer, to the Levy Court yesterday showed the following balances:

Levy Court.....\$248,626.82

Christians.....12,192.85

Mill Creek.....2,717.26

White Clay Creek.....2,733.03

Pencader.....2,496.04

New Castle.....5,328.46

Red Lion.....1,568.58

St. Georges.....6,434.76

Appoquinimink.....2,183.61

Blackbird.....2,885.48

Brandywine.....10,127.35

PAID LOCAL ADS.

Get your Gents' Furnishing and Shoes at W. N. DONOVAN'S.

FOR SALE—Wagons and Dearborns. J. C. GREEN.

Dr. Warren S. P. Combs Dentist. Successor to the late Dr. J. C. Stites.

Try our Emery Shirts and Lion Brand Collars. W. N. DONOVAN.

FOR SALE.—One organ in good condition. Apply at this office.

For Shoes and Gents' Furnishing, call on W. N. DONOVAN, West Main St.

LOST—Open-face Gold Watch with initials S. E. J. on back. Reward if returned to Mrs. Emile Jerrill Mt. Pleasant Del.

Are agents for the Haas Tailoring Co., of Baltimore. Suit Made to Measure. Fit guaranteed. W. N. DONOVAN.

Georges' Creek Bituminous Coal for threshing purposes. Send your teams to suit your convenience. Also Peach and Truck baskets. Phones 5 & 48. JESSE L. SHEPHERD.

On and after October 23d, 1916, the tail price of milk will be eight (8) cents per quart.

John C. Green May B. Janvier William E. Robinson

FOR SALE CHEAP.—One nearly new rubber-tire York carriage and several other carriages. New rubber-tires put on cheap. Also new tops, curtains and glass put on automobiles. F. DUGGAN, Odessa, D. L.

HINMAN

Milking Machine

WILLIAM GREEN, Agent

Come see a demonstration at his farm 1 1/2 miles west of Middletown. One man can milk 20 cows an hour.

A Distinctive Reason

What is the chief reason for the superiority of Royal Baking Powder?

There are several good reasons, but there is one which distinguishes Royal from other baking powders.

This reason, which every woman should know, is that Royal Baking Powder is made from cream of tartar, which comes from grapes. This means a healthful fruit origin. It means natural food as distinguished from mineral substitutes used in other baking powders.

There is no alum nor phosphate in Royal Baking Powder.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO. New York

JAMES J. ROSS, President. WM. DENNEY Secretary and Treasurer

—INCORPORATED 1847—

Kent County Mutual Insurance Co.

Dover, Del.

Insures Property Against FIRE and LIGHTNING

BUSINESS CONDUCTED ON THE MUTUAL SYSTEM.

Has Returned to its Policy-Holders in Dividends and Surrendered Policies over

\$700,000.00

Present Membership Over Nine Thousand, With Over

\$13,000,000.00 INSURANCE IN FORCE

AGENTS

WM. B. JESTER, Agent, Delaware City. D. B. MALONEY, Agent, Townsend.

AGENTS IN ALL THE PRINCIPAL TOWNS

CASH STORE

GROCERIES

I am buying at a cash wholesale house because I can do better. I will sell to you for the cash, so you can do better.

JUST A LINE TO THE WIVES

Tell your husband where to take your eggs and poultry. Eggs, cash 34c. Sugar 8c lb. Special Prices on Flour. Atlantic Refining Co's Gasoline 22c.

JOHN HELDMYER, Jr.

Corner Broad and Main Streets

Phone 223 Middletown, Del.

Fogel & Burstan
Weekly Store News

Do our patrons know that it would pay them to form the habit every week to examine our Transcript ads?

Well, it would, for from week to week we are giving in this paper straight-forward information in plain words about our merchandize, selecting, for each week the various articles which appear most suitable at the time—staple goods, most seasonable, together with new fashions or novelties.

Then, too, we are in the habit of telling our customers about any lucky buy of ours that will save them money by giving them A No. 1 goods at big reductions. Indeed, acting on any one of our advertised "Bargain Finds," may repay a whole year's reading of our "ads." Therefore, we say again, it will pay you to get the habit of reading Fogel & Burstan's Transcript "ads."

Don't be fooled by this warm Indian Summer! Cold weather and Thanksgiving with its social delights, are not far off, and now is the time to fit yourself out with the Heavier Clothing you will need both to feel and look well. And because we have over-stocked to anticipate this rising market we are better than ever before prepared to give our patrons the 3 things they all desire as buyers; 1st, High-grade goods; 2d, Big selections; 3d, Low prices.

Ladies' High-Top Boots

Here's a sample of our "Bargain Finds"—a lot of strictly high-grade \$5 and \$6 Ladies' High-Top Boots to be sold for \$3.50 and \$3.75! These handsome Boots are in black and battle-ship gray kid, stylish in shape, well made, and sure to give serviceable wear. Besides these, we have a large collection of other Ladies' Foot-Wear also bought below present prices which we can afford to give to our customers at considerable reductions from prices elsewhere prevailing.

Sample Suits and Coats

We also offer a big selection of fine, dressy Ladies' Suits and Coats, cut and made in the very latest styles, and of the newest materials. Each one of

these Suits and Coats has its own distinctive pattern and shape, and being, moreover, all of them, SAMPLES, we are selling them at figures much below usual prices altho every one of them is in every respect first-class and in perfect condition.

Miscellaneous Goods

As we have already stated, having looked ahead and bought heavily before this rising market caught us with its high prices, we are able to give our trade in almost every line of goods we sell, articles for figures approximating the old prices. Here are some of these lines: Dry Goods, Underwear, Corsets, Sweaters, Hosiery, Waists, Notions, Gents' Furnishings, Quilts, Blankets, Footwear for Men, Women and Children, and numerous other articles.

FOGEL & BURSTAN DEPT. STORE

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE

Are You the Man?

Are you anxious to identify yourself with one of the biggest, liveliest and most profitable industries in the world?

Are you willing to work hard, providing your efforts yield a greater return?

Are you eager to establish yourself in a sound, growing and money-making business?

Are you thinking about a business that you can build up, that will provide you with a real income, and that you can hand down to your son?

Have you a good reputation, a business training, selling ability, acquaintances and some capital?

If you can qualify, we want you. And we can submit a proposition that you will like. The possibilities are unlimited for a live, hustling business man.

We are at the present time without representation in this locality. We must have a dealer at once. The demand for Maxwell Cars is insistent and we must make arrangements to satisfy it.

The Maxwell Company is one of the three largest automobile concerns in the world. The Maxwell Car is famous for its durability, economy, comfort and good looks. It is without question the *World's Greatest Motor Car Value.*

If you are interested (and if you are the kind of a man we want, you will be) write, wire or telephone at once to

Maxwell Motor Sales Corporation

Detroit, Mich.

Touring Car

\$595

F. O. B. Detroit

Roadster

\$580

F. O. B. Detroit

One Chassis

Five Body Styles

All Models Completely Equipped—No Extras to Buy

THE TRANSCRIPT, \$1.00 per year